Word/Phrase	Pronunciation	Translation	Example Sentence
Velcome! (pages 6-7)			
o an exercise	/ duː ən ˈeksəsaɪz/	eine Aufgabe erledigen	When I do an exercise, I choose my answers very carefully.
xam(ination) (n) ★★	/ɪgˈzæm/	Prüfung	If she passes her <b>exams</b> , she'll be able to go to university.
il/pass an exam	/ feɪl/ paːs ən ɪgˈzæm/	bei einer Prüfung durchfallen/ bestehen	He can't go to university if he <b>fails his exams – he must pass them</b> .
NIT 1 TURNING POINTS			
esson 1 - How are you feeling? (page	es 10-11)		
mbition (n) $\star \star$	/æmˈbɪ∫(ə)n/	Ziel	Her <b>ambition</b> is to travel round Latin America.
ooots (n pl) ★★★	/bu:ts/	Stiefel	She wore <b>boots</b> to keep her feet dry in the snow.
ored (adj) ★★	/bɔː(r)d/	gelangweilt	We felt <b>bored</b> because there was nothing to do.
are (about) (v) ★★★	/keə(r)/	hier: (etw.) wichtig nehmen	I work as a volunteer in our local park because I care about the environment.
heerful (adj) ★	/ˈtʃɪə(r)f(ə)l/	fröhlich	I tried to sound <b>cheerful</b> - I didn't want her to know I was miserable.
ollege (n) ★★★	/ˈkɒlɪdʒ/	Hochschule	He's a student at a sixth form <b>college</b> .
rime (n) ★★★	/kraɪm/	Gewaltverbrechen	There is a lot of violent <b>crime</b> in the city centre.
enim (adj)	/ˈdenɪm/	Denim	She was wearing blue <b>denim</b> jeans.
lisabled (adj) ★★	/dɪsˈeɪb(ə)ld/	behindert	After the motorbike accident, he was severely <b>disabled</b> .
environment (n) $\star \star \star$	/inˈvairənmənt/	Umwelt	The traffic in the city centre is bad for the <b>environment</b> .
ed up (adj) ★	/ fed '^p/	genug haben	I'm <b>fed up</b> with the weather – it's raining again!
alf term (n)	/ ha:f 't3:m/	Schulferien	During half term I'm spending 3 days in Spain.
oodie (n)	/ˈhʊdi/	Kapuzenpullover	I'm wearing a blue hoodie, denim jeans and black boots.
ervous (adj) ★★	/ˈnɜː(r)vəs/	nervös	He worries about exams because he gets really <b>nervous</b> .
art-time (adj) ★★	/'pa:t,taɪm/	teilzeit	Sophie has a <b>part-time</b> job at the weekends.
cary (adj) ★	/ˈskeəri/	beängstigend	There's a lot of street crime round here. It's quite <b>scary</b> .
ixth form (n)	/ˈsɪksθ ˌfɔːm/	hier: Oberstufe	He's a student in the <b>sixth form</b> of my secondary school.
iolin (n) ★	/ vaiə lin/	Geige	He plays the <b>violin</b> in a band on Saturdays.
volunteer (n) ★★	/ vplənˈtɪə(r)/	freiwilliger Helfer/in	I work for an international charity as a <b>volunteer</b> .
esson 2 - Why didn't I enjoy it more?	(pages 12-13)		
ıngry (adj) ★★★	/ˈæŋɡri/	wütend	I was <b>angry</b> when my brother lost my MP3 player.
epressed (adj) ★★	/dɪˈprest/	deprimiert	I feel depressed – everything seems hopeless.
mbarrassed (adj) ★	/ɪmˈbærəst/	peinlich berührt	I felt <b>embarrassed</b> about forgetting my friend's birthday.
xcited (adj) ★★	/ikˈsaɪtɪd/	aufgeregt	I felt <b>excited</b> when I watched the World Cup Final.
all asleep	/ˌfɔːl əˈsliːp/	einschlafen	Joni was so tired that she <b>fell asleep</b> on the beach.
ortune teller (n)	/ˈfɔːʧən ˌtelə/	Wahrsager/in	The fortune teller looked at my hand and said I would be rich one day.
et on (well) (v)	/ get 'ɒn (wel)/	sich (gut) verstehen	We get on well together because we like the same things.
o wrong	/ ɡəʊ ˈrɒŋ/	schiefgehen	The holiday went wrong from the start – there were so many problems.
appy (adj) ★★★	/ˈhæpi/	glücklich	She felt very <b>happy</b> when she surfed again for the first time.
onely (adj) ★★	/ˈləʊnli/	einsam	I felt really <b>lonely</b> because I didn't have any friends.
niserable (adj) ★	/ˈmɪz(ə)rəb(ə)l/	unglücklich	I was so <b>miserable</b> on holiday that I wanted to go home.
leased (adj) ★★	/pli:zd/	froh	I was so <b>pleased</b> when she phoned because I really missed her.
osh (adj)		vornehm	Sara's new friends were quite <b>posh</b> - they thought I wasn't good enough for them.
ad (adj) ★★★	/sæd/	traurig	I was very <b>sad</b> that you couldn't come to my party.
cared (adj) ★★	/skeə(r)d/	verängstigt	After I saw the shark, I was too <b>scared</b> to go back into the water.
ell the truth	/ tel ðə ˈtru:θ/	um ehrlich zu sein	To <b>tell the truth</b> , I didn't really enjoy the holiday.
ired (adj) ★★★	/ˈtaɪə(r)d/	müde	I felt <b>tired</b> because I went to bed late.
voice (n) ★★★	/vɔɪs/	Stimme	She nearly cried when she heard her mum's voice on the phone.
vorried (adj) ★★★	/'wʌrid/	besorgt sein	I was worried about my exams because I hadn't worked hard enough.
esson 3 - She was surfing (pages 14	-15)	· · ·	
mazingly (adv)	/əˈmeɪzɪŋli/	erstaunlicherweise	Amazingly, she got over the accident and was surfing again only four weeks later.
ittack (n) $\star \star \star$	/əˈtæk/	Angriff	She lost her arm in a shark <b>attack</b> .

bite (v) ★★	/bart/	beissen	When the shark <b>bit</b> her, the water around her turned red.
bright (colour) (adj) $\star \star \star$	/bart/	leuchtend	She likes <b>bright</b> colours like yellow and pink.
calm (adj) ★★	/kg:m/	ruhig	The sea was <b>calm</b> because there wasn't any wind.
championship (n) $\star \star \star$	/'t[æmpiən[ɪp/	Meisterschaft	She often wins surfing championships.
clear (adj) ★★★	/kliə(r)/	durchsichtig	The water was so <b>clear</b> you could see the bottom of the ocean.
compete (v) $\star \star \star$	/kəm'pi:t/	antreten	She <b>competes</b> successfully in surfing championships.
cool (adj) $\star \star \star$	/ku:l/	kühl	It was a hot day but the water was <b>cool</b> and refreshing.
crocodile (n)	/ˈkrɒkədaɪl/	Krokodil	Crocodiles live in the tropical rainforests in the north.
frequently (adv)	/ˈfriːkwəntli/	häufig	The ten most <b>frequently</b> asked questions are on the website.
get away (v)	/ get ə'weı/	fliehen	I swam as fast as I could to get away from the shark.
get back (v)	/ get bæk/	zurückkommen	I had to <b>get back</b> to the beach, so I swam as fast as possible.
get out (of) (v)	/ get 'aut (av)/	hier ugs.: hinauskommen (aus)	The crocodile swam away and Shane <b>got out of</b> the water as fast as he could.
get over (v)	/.get 'əʊvə/	überwinden	He <b>got over</b> his illness and was able to surf again.
jaw (n) ★★	/dʒɔː/	Kiefer	The shark opened its huge <b>jaws</b> and closed them around her arm.
kick (v) $\star \star \star$	/kɪk/	treten	When Shane <b>kicked</b> the crocodile, it closed its jaws.
lake (n) $\star\star$	/leik/	See	Lake Ladoga, in Russia, is the largest <b>lake</b> in Europe.
pain (n) $\star \star \star$	/pein/	Schmerz	Bethany didn't feel any <b>pain</b> when the shark bit her.
professional (adj) ★★★	/prəˈfeʃ(ə)nəl/	professionell	Professional footballers earn a lot of money but their careers are short.
punch (v) $\star$	/p.nt[/	schlagen	Shane closed his hand tight and <b>punched</b> the crocodile in the mouth.
recover (v)	/,ri:'kʌvə(r)/	wieder gesund werden	Bethany was in hospital <b>recovering</b> from her accident.
shark (n) $\star$	/ [a:(r)k/	Hai	She was swimming in the sea when suddenly she saw a <b>shark</b> .
shock (n) $\star \star \star$	/[pk/	Schock	Seeing my blood in the water was a terrible <b>shock</b> .
splash (n)	/splæ[/	Platschen	When the crocodile jumped into the water Shane heard a loud <b>splash</b> .
successfully (adv)	/səkˈsesf(ə)li/	erfolgreich	She competes <b>successfully</b> in championships and has won a lot of medals.
surf (n)	/s3:(r)f/	Brandung	The sea was flat and calm with no waves, so there wasn't any <b>surf</b> .
surf (v)	/s3:(r)f/	surfen	She loves <b>surfing</b> – riding on her board on the waves in the sea.
surfer (n)	/'s3:fə/	Surfer/in	Bethany hoped to become a professional <b>surfer</b> .
take off clothes	/ teik pf klauðz/	Kleidung ausziehen	Shane got to the river, <b>took off his clothes</b> and jumped into the water.
take part (in)	/ teik 'pa:t (in)/	(bei etwas) mitmachen	There was a surfing competition and Bethany wanted to <b>take part in</b> it.
turn (= become) (v) $\star \star \star$	/t3:(r)n/	werden	The water around me <b>turned</b> bright red.
warning (n) $\star \star \star$	/'wɔ:(r)nɪŋ/	Warnzeichen	The shark suddenly appeared – I had no <b>warning</b> at all.
wave (n) $\star \star \star$	/weiv/	Welle	The surfer was waiting for a big wave to carry her back to the beach.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing a	significant event (pages 16-17)		
action (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈæk∫(ə)n/	Handlung	Rosa Parks' action was the beginning of the Civil Rights movement.
(dis)appear (v) ★★★	/əˈpɪə(r)/	verschwinden/auftauchen	Where's Tom? He was here a minute ago but now he's disappeared.
arrest (v) ★★	/əˈrest/	festnehmen	The police <b>arrested</b> Rosa Parks and she had to pay a \$10 fine.
autobiography (n)	/ˌɔːtəʊbaɪˈɒɡrəfi/	Autobiografie	You can read all about her life in her new <b>autobiography</b> .
boycott (n)	/ˈbɔɪˌkɒt/	Boykott	Because of the bus <b>boycott</b> , there were no people on the buses.
carriage (n) ★	/ˈkærɪdʒ/	Waggon	White and black people could not sit in the same railway <b>carriage</b> .
cheer (v) ★★	/t∫ıə(r)/	jubeln	The crowd <b>cheered</b> and screamed when he scored the first goal.
civil rights (n pl)	/ siv(ə)l 'raits/	Bürgerrechte	Being treated fairly by the law is one of our basic <b>civil rights</b> .
(un)comfortable (adj) ★★★	/ˈkʌmftəb(ə)l/	(un)bequem	We didn't really enjoy the film because the cinema seats were <b>uncomfortable</b> .
department store (n) $\star \star$	/dɪˈpɑːtmənt ˌstɔː/	Kaufhaus	The department store is the biggest shop in the city.
experience (n) ★★★	/ıkˈspɪəriəns/	Erfahrung	Playing for the school team was an amazing <b>experience</b> .
fare (n) ★★	/feə(r)/	Fahrpreis	She got on the bus, paid her <b>fare</b> , and sat down.
fine (n) ★★	/faɪn/	Geldstrafe	The police arrested Rosa Parks and she later had to pay a \$10 fine.
(un)friendly (adj) ★★★	/ˈfren(d)li/	(un)freundlich	I tried to talk to them but they were very <b>unfriendly</b> .
give in (v)	/ˈgɪv ˈɪn/	nachgeben	She knew that she couldn't win, but she refused to give in.
(un)happy (adj) ★★★	/ˈhæpi/	(un)glücklich	Joni didn't enjoy her holiday – she was <b>unhappy</b> .

home game (n)	/ˈhəʊm ˌgeɪm/	Heimspiel	It was a <b>home game</b> and lots of people from my town were watching.
illegal (adj) ★★	/ɪˈliːɡ(ə)l/	verboten	In the UK it is <b>illegal</b> to drive before you are 17.
in the open	/ˌɪn ðiː ˈəʊpən/	im Freien	We were sleeping outside <b>in the open</b> with the stars above us.
Internet (n) ★★★	/'intə(r) net/	Internet	Lots of people buy books on the <b>Internet</b> .
law (n) $\star \star \star$	/lo:/	Gesetz	It is against the <b>law</b> to cycle on the pavement.
leader (n) ★★★	/ˈliːdə(r)/	Anführer	The group decided to vote for a new leader.
(il)legal (adj) ★★★	/ˈliːɡ(ə)l/	(gesetzlich) verboten/erlaubt	It's <b>illegal</b> to go fishing in your pyjamas in Chicago.
(un)lucky (adj) ★★★	/ˈlʌki/	Pech/Glück haben	I'm so unlucky! I won the lottery but I lost my ticket.
minister (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmɪnɪstə(r)/	Pfarrer/in	Martin Luther King was a <b>minister</b> for a church in Atlanta.
movement (n) $\star \star \star$	/'muːvmənt/	Bewegung	He joined the civil rights <b>movement</b> .
organise (v) ★★★	/ˈɔː(r)gənaɪz/	organisieren	Martin Luther King was one of the people who <b>organised</b> the boycott.
physically (adv) ★★	/ˈfɪzɪkli/	körperlich	He is always <b>physically</b> tired after playing basketball all weekend.
(un)popular (adj) ★★★	/'pppjʊlə(r)/	(un)beliebt	No one wants to be his friend – why is he so unpopular?
realise (v) $\star \star \star$	/ˈrɪəlaɪz/	(etwas) begreifen	I was 11 years old when I <b>realised</b> I had a gift for languages.
result (n) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈzʌlt/	Folge	As a <b>result</b> of the boycott, the US Supreme Court changed the law.
right (n) $\star \star \star$	/raɪt/	Recht	We all have the <b>right</b> to safety, dignity and respect.
row (n) ★	/raʊ/	Sitzreihe	The front <b>rows</b> of seats were for white people only.
score (v) ★★★	/skɔ:(r)/	ein Tor schießen	When the hockey team <b>scored</b> a goal, the crowd cheered.
scream (v) ★★	/skriːm/	schreien	She was frightened when she saw the shark, but she didn't <b>scream</b> .
seat (n) $\star \star \star$	/si:t/	Sitz	We didn't really enjoy the film because the cinema <b>seats</b> were uncomfortable.
separate (adj) ★★★	/ˈsep(ə)rət/	getrennt halten	There were laws to keep white and black people <b>separate</b> .
separate (v) $\star \star \star$	/'sepəreɪt/	trennen	It was illegal to <b>separate</b> white and black people on buses.
significant (adj) $\star \star \star$	/sig'nifikənt/	bedeutend	The bus boycott was a <b>significant</b> event in American history.
skates (n pl) ★	/skerts/	Schlittschuhe	The ice hockey players were all wearing new skates.
terrified (adj)	/'terəfaɪd/	große Angst haben	When I saw the wolf looking at me, I was <b>terrified</b> .
(un)usual (adj) $\star \star \star$	/ˈjuːʒʊəl/	(un)gewöhnlich	It doesn't happen very often – it's very <b>unusual</b> .
wolf (n) ★	/wʊlf/	Wolf	The <b>wolf</b> looked like a large wild dog.
Culture (pages 20-21)			
achievement (n) $\star \star \star$	/əˈtʃiːvmənt/	Leistung	Winning the gold medal was a great <b>achievement</b> .
astronaut (n) ★	/'æstrə_nɔːt/	Astronaut/in	Neil Armstrong was the first <b>astronaut</b> to walk on the moon.
democracy (n) ★★★	/dɪˈmɒkrəsi/	Demokratie	People who live in a <b>democracy</b> can choose who leads their country.
elect (v) $\star \star \star$	/ɪˈlekt/	wählen	In 1966, Indians <b>elected</b> Indira Ghandi as their first female Prime Minister.
election (n) $\star \star \star$	/ɪˈlekʃ(ə)n/	Wahl	She won the <b>election</b> and became the first female Prime Minister.
female (adj) ★★★	/ˈfiːmeɪl/	weiblich	Which woman became Pakistan's first <b>female</b> Prime Minister in 1988?
head of state (n)	/ hed əv 'stert/	Staatsoberhaupt	When she won the election she became the first female <b>head of state</b> .
human rights (n pl) ★	/ hju:mən 'raɪts/	Menschenrechte	The freedom to say what you think is one of our basic human rights.
illiterate (adj)	/ɪˈlɪtərət/	analphabetisch	People who cannot read or write are described as <b>illiterate</b> .
income (n) ★★★	/'inkʌm/	Einkommen	Women earn only 10% of world income.
non-violent (adj)	/ non'vaɪələnt/	friedlich	Their demonstration was <b>non-violent</b> , so nobody was hurt.
own (v) ★★★	/əʊn/	besitzen	He doesn't <b>own</b> a car, so he usually takes the bus.
owner (n) ★★★	/ˈəʊnə(r)/	Besitzer/in	Men are the <b>owners</b> of 99% of the world's property.
parliament (n) $\star \star \star$	/'pa:(r)ləmənt/	Parlament	The new laws will be discussed in <b>parliament</b> .
politician (n) $\star \star \star$	/.polə'tɪ[(ə)n/	Politiker	Aung San Suu Kyi is a famous <b>politician</b> from Burma.
politics (n) $\star \star \star$	/'pplətiks/	Politik	She is interested in <b>politics</b> and would like to be a politician when she is older.
poor (adj) $\star \star \star$	/pɔː(r), pʊə(r)/	arm sein	We were very <b>poor</b> and often had no food to eat.
power (n) $\star \star \star$	/'paʊə(r)/	Macht	Ghandi had an extraordinary <b>power</b> to make people follow him.
property (n) $\star \star \star$	/'propə(r)ti/	Besitz	All the land and buildings here are private property.
solo (adv)	/ˈsəʊləʊ/	alleine	She must have been lonely flying <b>solo</b> around the world in a helicopter.
struggle (n) $\star \star$	/'strʌg(ə)l/	Kampf	She was in important figure in the <b>struggle</b> for democracy.

vote (n) $\star \star \star$	/vəʊt/	Wahlrecht	He won the election because he had the most <b>votes</b> .
vote (v) ***	/vəʊt/	wählen	How old do you have to be to <b>vote</b> in an election?
UNIT 2 ARTS	,		
Lesson 1 - You can't help laughing (pag	ies 22-23)		
action film (n)	/ˈækʃ(ə)n ˌfɪlm/	Action-Film	It's an action film, full of excitement and adventures.
(dis)agree (v) ★★★	/əˈɡriː/	(nicht) übereinstimmen	I often <b>disagree</b> with my parents about what time I should go to bed.
amazing (adj) ★★	/əˈmeɪzɪn/	unglaublich	It was an <b>amazing</b> story – I couldn't believe it was true.
animation (n)	/ ænɪˈmeɪʃ(ə)n/	Trickfilm	Avatar is an <b>animation</b> with beautiful special effects.
audition (v)	/ɔːˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	vorsingen	The girls were both good at singing, so they decided to <b>audition</b> for the school musical.
avoid (v) ★★★	/bicv'e/	vermeiden	Her parents agreed because they wanted to <b>avoid</b> an argument.
awful (adj) ★★	/ˈɔːf(ə)l/	schrecklich	I couldn't eat the food because it tasted <b>awful</b> .
being (n) ★★	/ˈbiːɪŋ/	Wesen	The strange <b>being</b> looked like a man but he had blue skin and three eyes.
boring (adj) ★★	/ˈbɔːrɪŋ/	langweilig	The film was so <b>boring</b> I fell asleep.
brilliant (adj) ★★★	/ˈbrɪljənt/	toll	It was such a <b>brilliant</b> film I went to see it three times.
captain (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈkæptɪn/	Kapitän/in	Everybody must obey the <b>captain's</b> instructions.
come to life	/ kʌm tə ˈlaɪf/	lebendig werden	At night everything in the museum <b>comes to life</b> and starts to move around.
comedy (n) ★★	/ˈkɒmədi/	Comedy	We went to see a very good <b>comedy</b> last night – it was really funny.
curse (n)	/k3:(r)s/	Fluch	There were so many problems that he thought there was a <b>curse</b> on the ship.
disappointing (adj) ★	/ dɪsəˈpɔɪntɪn/	enttäuschend	The end of the film was <b>disappointing</b> – nothing really happened.
divorced (adj) ★★	/dɪˈvɔː(r)st/	geschieden	My parents are <b>divorced</b> , so I live with my mum and I visit my dad at weekends.
documentary (n) ★	/ dpkjv'ment(ə)ri/	Dokumentarfilm	We watched an interesting <b>documentary</b> about the history of cinema last night.
drama (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈdraːmə/	Drama	The film is a <b>drama</b> about a family who leave their country because there is a war.
employer (n) ★★★	/ımˈplɔɪə(r)/	Arbeitgeber	His <b>employers</b> expect him to work very hard.
excellent (adj) ★★★	/ˈeksələnt/	ausgezeichnet	It was an <b>excellent</b> film – the best I have seen for a long time.
exciting (adj) ★★	/ıkˈsaɪtɪŋ/	aufregend	It was an <b>exciting</b> story with lots of adventures and surprises.
expedition (n) **	/ ekspəˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	Expedition	He's going on an <b>expedition</b> to South America and Antarctica.
fall in love	/ fɔːl ɪn ˈlʌv/	(sich) verlieben	At first they didn't like each other, but they slowly <b>fell in love</b> .
funny (adj) ★★★	/ˈfʌni/	lustig	The film was so <b>funny</b> I didn't stop laughing.
genius (n) ★	/ˈdʒiːniəs/	Genie	She is much more intelligent than her classmates – I think she might be a genius.
good-looking (adj) ★★	/ gud ˈlʊkɪŋ/	gut aussehend	He's tall and strong with big blue eyes – he's very <b>good-looking</b> .
guard (n) $\star \star \star$	/ga:(r)d/	Wachmann	There were two guards standing by the door, watching the visitors carefully.
horror (n) ★★	/'hprə(r)/	Horror	It was a <b>horror</b> film about monsters that eat people.
horror film (n)	/ˈhɒrə ˌfɪlm/	Horror-Film	We watched a <b>horror film</b> about a house where terrible things happen.
human (adj) ★★★	/ˈhjuːmən/	menschlich	Love is a very <b>human</b> emotion.
human (n) ★★★	/ˈhjuːmən/	Mensch	In the film, the <b>humans</b> are afraid and want to return to Earth.
incredibly (adv) ★	/ɪnˈkredəbli/	unglaublich	It was incredibly difficult but I didn't stop trying.
information (n) $\star \star \star$	/ inta(l) mei (a)u/	Information	You can find all the <b>information</b> you need on the website.
inhabit (v) ★	/ınˈhæbɪt/	bewohnen	In the future, people from Earth will <b>inhabit</b> other planets.
intelligent (adj) ★★	/ɪnˈtelɪdʒ(ə)nt/	intelligent	He learns very quickly because he's really <b>intelligent</b> .
interesting (adj) ★★★	/'intrəstiŋ/	interessant	I watched a very <b>interesting</b> programme about the history of cinema.
keen (on) (adj) ★★★	/ki:n/	Lust haben	I'm not keen on going to the cinema – I like watching films at home more.
keep (ing) (v) ★★★	/kiːp/	(etw.) immer wieder	I should make a note of his address because I <b>keep</b> forgetting it.
kidnap (v) ★	/ˈkɪdnæp/	entführen	They kidnapped the girl and asked her parents for money to free her.
mining (n) ★	/ˈmaɪnɪŋ/	Abbau	Mining for diamonds is an important industry in South Africa.
musical (n)	/ˈmjuːzɪk(ə)l/	Musical	I don't really like <b>musicals</b> – I prefer to watch plays.
remove (v) ★★★	/rɪˈmuːv/	wegnehmen	She <b>removed</b> the book from the shelf and put it in her bag.
risk (v) ★★	/rɪsk/	riskieren	I took a taxi because I didn't want to <b>risk</b> being late.
romantic film (n)	/rəʊˈmæntɪk ˌfɪlm/	Liebesfilm	It's a <b>romantic film</b> about a boy and a girl who fall in love.
science fiction film (n)	/saɪəns ˈfɪk∫(ə)n ˌfɪlm/	Science-Fiction Film	It's a science fiction film about a time in the future when machines rule the earth.

silly (adj) ★★	/ˈsɪli/	dumm	I thought the film was <b>silly</b> because none of the characters seemed real.
succeed (in) (v) $\star \star \star$	/səkˈsiːd/	(etwas) schaffen	In the end, Jake <b>succeeds</b> in saving Pandora.
terrible (adj) $\star \star \star$	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	schrecklich	The film was so <b>terrible</b> we left the cinema before the end.
thrilling (adj)	/ˈθrɪlɪŋ/	spannend	The film was <b>thrilling</b> – full of excitement from the beginning to the end.
Lesson 2 - Promise to work together (		opumena	
attend (v) $\star \star \star$	/əˈtend/	teilnehmen	We expect you to obey the rules and <b>attend</b> all your classes.
ballroom (n)	/ˈbɔːlruːm/	Gesellschaftstanz	The range of dance styles includes jazz, <b>ballroom</b> and salsa.
Best of luck!	/ best əv ˈlʌk/	Viel Glück!	When we went into the exam, we said, 'Best of luck!' to each other.
coach (person) (n) ★★	/kəʊtʃ/	Trainer/in	The <b>coach</b> gave us a lot of good advice about how to win.
dance routine (n)	/'da:ns ru: ti:n/	Tanznummer	Their new <b>dance routine</b> was a great success and the audience loved it.
expect (v) $\star \star \star$	/ik'spekt/	erwarten	We <b>expect</b> you to obey the rules and attend all your classes.
experiment (v) ★	/ik speri ment/	experimentieren	You should <b>experiment</b> – try new ways of doing things.
low (adj) ★★★	/ləʊ/	niedrig	The contestant with the <b>lowest</b> number of votes leaves the show.
manage (v) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmænɪdʒ/	(es) schaffen	The important thing is that you <b>manage</b> to get to school on time.
obey (v) ★★	/əˈbeɪ/	gehorchen	We expect you to <b>obey</b> the rules and attend all your classes.
poet (n) ★★	/'pəʊɪt/	Dichter/in	William Shakespeare wrote plays but he was also a <b>poet</b> .
pretend (v) $\star \star$	/pri'tend/	so tun als ob	She closed her eyes and <b>pretended</b> to be asleep.
promise (n) $\star \star \star$	/'promis/	Versprechen	She made a <b>promise</b> that she would phone every week.
range (n) $\star \star \star$	/reindz/	Vielzahl	I can teach you to dance in a <b>range</b> of different styles.
rule (n) $\star \star \star$	/ru:l/	Regel	To study here you must agree to follow the college <b>rules</b> .
style (n) $\star \star \star$	/stail/	Stil	The painter's <b>style</b> of painting changed a lot over the years.
talent (n) $\star \star$	/'tælənt/	Begabung	He has a <b>talent</b> for music but he doesn't practise very often.
try out (v)	/ trai 'aut/	ausprobieren	I need to <b>try out</b> new ways of improving my English, like watching English films.
Lesson 3 - Books are left in public plac	1. *		
bench (n) ★★	/bent[/	Bank	She sat on a <b>bench</b> in the park and read a book.
come up with (v)	/ kʌm ˈʌp wɪð/	(sich etwas) einfallen (lassen)	He <b>came up with</b> the idea for the website in 2008.
comment (n) $\star \star \star$	/'kpment/	Kommentar	The teacher's comments on her homework were very positive.
cover (n) ★★★	/ˈkʌvə(r)/	Buchdeckel	The <b>cover</b> of the book had the title, and the name of the author on it.
enthusiastic (adj) ★★	/ɪn θjuːziˈæstɪk/	begeistert	They were <b>enthusiastic</b> about my idea and wanted to know more.
finder (n)	/ˈfaɪndə(r)/	Finder	Finders of the books are asked to take them home and read them.
give up (v)	/ gɪv 'ʌp/	aufhören	He should <b>give up</b> smoking at once.
globe (n)	/gləʊb/	Welt	There are members from across the <b>globe</b> , from Afghanistan to Zimbabwe.
	/gอบl/	Ziel	Our <b>goal</b> is to make the whole world a library.
grow up (v)	/ grəʊ ˈʌp/	erwachsen werden	My brother wants to be a pop star when he <b>grows up</b> .
increasing (adj)	/ɪnˈkriːsɪŋ/	zunehmend	An <b>increasing</b> number of people are doing their shopping online.
label (v) ★★	/ˈleɪb(ə)l/	beschriften	Each book is <b>labelled</b> with a unique ID number.
library (n) ★★★	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	Bibliothek	I need to take a book back to the <b>library</b> .
lie (on) (v) ★★★	/laɪ/	auf () liegen	The book was <b>lying on</b> the table where I left it.
look up (v)	/ lʊk ˈʌp/	nachschauen	If you don't know a word, you should <b>look it up</b> in a dictionary.
note (n) ★★★	/nəʊt/	Zettel	The <b>note</b> she gave him said 'I love you'.
pick up (v)	/,pɪk 'ʌp/	aufheben	Pick up your clothes – don't leave them on the floor.
pine tree (n)	/'paɪn ˌtriː/	Kiefer	Most of the world's paper is made from <b>pine trees</b> .
register (v) ★★★	/ˈredʒɪstə(r)/	eintragen	All the important information is <b>registered</b> in a large book.
report (back) (v) ★★★	/rɪˈpɔː(r)t/	berichten	She did some research and <b>reported back</b> to the rest of the class.
set up (v)	/ set 'np/	einrichten	He <b>set up</b> the website in 2008.
stand up (v)	/ stænd 'ʌp/	aufstehen	She's hurt her foot so she can't <b>stand up</b> .
take out (v)	/ teik 'aut/	ausleihen	Nearly half the books <b>taken out</b> of libraries are borrowed by children.
turn up (v)	/ tɜːn ˈʌp/	auftauchen	I can't find my watch but I expect it will <b>tum up</b> .

virtual (adj) ★★	/'v3:(r)tʃʊəl/	virtuell	You can buy books through <b>virtual</b> bookshops like Amazon.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing	g a picture (pages 28-29)		
a great deal	/ə greɪt ˈdiːl/	sehr viel	My grandmother gave me this watch so it means <b>a great deal</b> to me.
attractive (adj) ★★★	/əˈtræktɪv/	gut aussehend	She's very <b>attractive</b> , with beautiful eyes and long blonde hair.
background (n) ★★★	/'bæk,graund/	Hintergrund	The artist painted her sitting in a garden with mountains in the <b>background</b> .
boatman (n)	/ˈbəʊtmən/	Schiffer	We asked a <b>boatman</b> to take us up the river in his boat.
careless (adj) ★	/ˈkeə(r)ləs/	achtlos	He was very <b>careless</b> and dropped the picture.
colourful (adj) ★	/ˈkʌlə(r)f(ə)l/	farbenfroh	Her dress was very colourful, covered with flowers in red, blue and yellow.
colourless (adj)	/ˈkʌlə(r)ləs/	farblos	Water is a <b>colourless</b> liquid.
comic book (n)	/ˈkɒmɪk ˌbʊk/	Comic-Buch	Superman and Spider-Man are his favourite comic books.
cry (v) ★★★	/kraɪ/	weinen	She is holding a handkerchief and you can see that she's been <b>crying</b> .
depend (on) (v) ★★★	/dɪˈpend/	(darauf/auf etwas) ankommen	I don't always watch TV at night. It depends on how much homework I have.
dog (n) ★★★	/dbg/	Hund	Maxim and Rebecca went for a walk on the beach with their <b>dog</b> .
expression (n) ★★★	/ɪkˈspre∫(ə)n/	Ausdruck	You can see from the <b>expression</b> on her face that something terrible has happened.
expressionism (n)	/ɪkˈspre∫(ə)nˌɪz(ə)m/	Expressionismus	Expressionism shows emotions and reactions rather than things as they really appear.
foreground (n)	/ˈfɔː(r)ˌgraʊnd/	Vordergrund	There is a woman in the <b>foreground</b> and behind her you can see mountains.
handkerchief (n) ★	/ˈhæŋkə(r)ˌt∫ɪf/	Taschentuch	She was crying so I gave her my <b>handkerchief</b> to dry her eyes.
hopeful (adj) ★	/ˈhəʊpf(ə)l/	voller Hoffnung	He has studied very hard, so he is <b>hopeful</b> he will pass the exam.
hopeless (adj) ★	/ˈhəʊpləs/	hoffnungslos	I feel depressed – everything seems hopeless.
impressionism (n)	/ɪmˈpre∫(ə)nɪz(ə)m/	Impressionismus	Impressionism uses light and colour to create images rather than exact details.
in particular	/ˌɪn pəˈtɪkjʊlə/	besonders	There are lots of pictures I like, but one in particular is my favourite.
painful (adj) ★★	/'peinf(ə)l/	schmerzhaft	My foot hurts a lot – it's really <b>painful</b> .
painless (adj)	/'peɪnləs/	schmerzlos	It doesn't hurt at all - it's <b>painless</b> .
painting (n) $\star \star \star$	/'peintin/	Gemälde	The <b>painting</b> on the wall was of a beautiful woman.
pop art (n)	/'pop ,a:t/	Pop Art	Pop art uses everyday objects and images from advertisements as its subjects.
realism (n) ★	/ˈrɪəˌlɪz(ə)m/	Realismus	Realism shows life and objects as they really are.
realistic (adj) ★★	/ˌrɪəˈlɪstɪk/	realistisch	The painting was so <b>realistic</b> it looked like a photograph.
relaxed (adj) ★	/rɪˈlækst/	entspannt	The picture is so peaceful that I feel <b>relaxed</b> when I look at it.
remind (v) ★★★	/rɪˈmaɪnd/	erinnern	The picture <b>reminds</b> me of my holiday in Greece last year.
response (n) ★★★	/rɪˈspɒns/	Reaktion	I gave her some flowers and her <b>response</b> was to cry.
river (n) ★★★	/ˈrɪvə(r)/	Fluss	He swam across the <b>river</b> to the other side.
straw (adj) ★★	/stro:/	hier: aus Stroh / strohig	The two men were wearing <b>straw</b> hats.
successful (adj) ★★★	/səkˈsesf(ə)l/	erfolgreich	The team win all their matches – they're very <b>successful</b> .
sunset (n) ★	/ˈsʌnˌset/	Sonnenuntergang	There was a beautiful red and gold sunset every evening.
surrealism (n)	/səˈrɪəˌlɪz(ə)m/	Surrealismus	Surrealism uses objects that are not usually related to create images that are like dreams.
truthful (adj)	/ˈtruːθf(ə)l/	ehrlich	You can trust her – she's always <b>truthful</b> .
upset (adj) ★★	/ʌpˈset/	aus der Fassung sein	If you are <b>upset</b> , you feel worried and unhappy.
vest (n)	/vest/	Unterhemd	You should wear a <b>vest</b> under your shirt when the weather is cold.
war (n) ★★★	/wɔ:(r)/	Krieg	The <b>Second World War</b> began in 1939.
wonder (v) ★★★	/ˈwʌndə(r)/	(sich) fragen	She's crying – I <b>wonder</b> what has happened to make her so sad.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 30-31)			
computer (n) ★★★	/kəmˈpjuːtə(r)/	Computer	He prefers to do his homework on the <b>computer</b> .
suburb (n) ★	/ˈsʌbɜː(r)b/	Vorort	The story takes place in a <b>suburb</b> of Los Angeles in the USA.
Review Units 1-2 (pages 32-33)			
ballet (n) ★	/ˈbæleɪ/	Ballett	She likes different types of dance, like <b>ballet</b> and jazz.
breakdancing (n)	/ˈbreɪkˌdɑːnsɪŋ/	Breakdance	I like watching breakdancing on the street because it's so fast and full of energy.
careful (adj) ★★★	/ˈkeə(r)f(ə)l/	vorsichtig	Be <b>careful</b> ! There's a car coming.
dream (of) (v) ★★	/driːm/	träumen (von)	She <b>dreams of</b> having her own cinema at home.
salsa (n)	/ˈsælsə/	Salsa	I like Latin-American dancing like <b>salsa</b> and the tango.

UNIT 3 OPINIONS			
Lesson 1 - There could be tens of billions of	nlanets (names 36-37)		
according to (prep) $\star \star \star$	/əˈkɔ:(r)dɪŋ tu:/	laut	According to the weather forecast, tomorrow will be sunny and hot.
astronomer (n)	/əˈstrpnəmə(r)/	Astronom	Astronomers study stars like the Sun.
atmosphere (n)	/ˈætməsfɪə/	Atmosphäre	The <b>atmosphere</b> is the mixture of gases around a planet.
claim (v) $\star \star \star$	/kleim/	behaupten	Scientists <b>claim</b> they have discovered a new star.
cloud (n) $\star \star \star$	/klaud/	Wolke	It's going to rain – look at those big grey <b>clouds</b> .
distance (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈdɪstəns/	Entfernung	The <b>distance</b> from Earth to the Sun is 149.6 million kilometers.
galaxy (n)	/'gæləksi/	Sternensystem	Our <b>galaxy</b> is an extremely large group of planets and stars.
gravity (n)	/'grævəti/	Schwerkraft	Gravity is the force that makes something fall to the ground.
gun (n) $\star \star \star$	/gʌn/	Schusswaffe	He pointed a <b>gun</b> at me – I thought he was going to shoot me!
identify $(v) \star \star \star$	/aiˈdentɪfaɪ/	identifizieren	The police need someone to <b>identify</b> the man who stole the car.
in other words	/inˈʌðə wɜːdz/	in anderen Worten	Many planets have don't have water. In other words, they cannot support life.
light year (n)	/ˈlaɪt_jɪə/	Lichtjahr	The planet is 20 <b>light years</b> away from Earth.
liquid (n) $\star\star$	/ˈlɪkwɪd/	Flüssigkeit	Water is the most important <b>liquid</b> on Earth.
mirror (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmɪrə(r)/	Spiegel	You use a <b>mirror</b> to look at yourself.
mixture (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmɪkstʃə(r)/	Mischung	The atmosphere is the <b>mixture</b> of gases around a planet.
neither nor (conj)	/ naīðə 'nɔː/	wedernoch	Neither Jupiter nor Uranus is close to the Sun.
orbit (n)	/'ɔ:bɪt/	Umlaufbahn	The movement of a planet around a star is called its <b>orbit</b> .
planet (n) $\star \star$	/'plænɪt/	Planet	There may be lots of other <b>planets</b> like Earth in the universe.
possibility (n) $\star \star \star$	/ ppsəˈbɪləti/	Möglichkeit	There is a <b>possibility</b> that there is life on other planets.
report (n) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈpɔ:(r)t/	Bericht	According to a new <b>report</b> by scientists, there are many planets which can support life.
robot (n) $\star$	/'raubpt/	Roboter	In the future, <b>robots</b> will clean our houses.
rocky (adj) ★	/'rpki/	steinig	The coast was so <b>rocky</b> that we couldn't get to the beach.
scientist (n) $\star \star \star$	/'saiəntist/	Wissenschaftler/in	Scientists claim they have discovered a new star.
similar (adj) ★★★	/ˈsɪmɪlə(r)/	ähnlich	They're guite <b>similar</b> – their size and shape are almost the same.
solar system (n)	/ˈsəʊlə_sɪstəm/	Sonnensystem	It's possible to see planets outside our <b>solar system</b> with a telescope.
star (n) ★★★	/sta:(r)/	Stern	You can see the <b>stars</b> in the sky at night.
support (v) $\star \star \star$	/səˈpɔː(r)t/	unterstützen	Is the Earth the only planet that can <b>support</b> life?
surface (n) $\star \star \star$	/'s3:(r)f1s/	Oberfläche	About 70% of the Earth's <b>surface</b> is covered with water.
telescope (n) ★	/ˈtelɪ skəʊp/	Teleskop	It's possible to see planets outside our solar system with a <b>telescope</b> .
temperature (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈtemprɪtʃə(r)/	Temperatur	The <b>temperature</b> today is 14°C.
torch (n) ★	/tɔ:(r)t[/	Taschenlampe	I took my <b>torch</b> on the camping trip so that I could see in the dark.
trillion (n)	/ˈtrɪljən/	Billion	A <b>trillion</b> is the same as one million million.
UFO (Unidentified Flying Object) (n)	/ ju: ef 'əʊ/	UFO	Many people see strange things flying in the sky and think they are <b>UFOs</b> .
universe (n)	/ˈjuːnɪvɜːs/	Universum	We can't be the only planet in the <b>universe</b> where there is life.
Lesson 2 - When can you drive a car? (pages	38-39)		
aim (v) ★★★	/eɪm/	anstreben	He is studying hard because he <b>aims</b> to go to university.
$\operatorname{army}(n) \star \star \star$	/'a:(r)mi/	Armee	He wanted to be a soldier so he joined the <b>army</b> .
as long as (conj)	/əz ˈlɒŋ əz/	so lange wie	I can go to the cinema tonight, <b>as long as</b> I finish my homework first.
break a law	/ breik a 'lo:/	Gesetze brechen	If you <b>break a law</b> you should be punished.
factory (n) ★★★	/ˈfæktri/	Fabrik	There is a <b>factory</b> in this town where they make cars.
forbidden (adj) ★	/fə(r)ˈbɪd(ə)n/	verboten	Driving a car when you are 15 is <b>forbidden</b> .
full-time (adj) ★★	/ˈfʊlˌtaɪm/	vollzeit	It isn't a <b>full-time</b> job – she only works 3 days a week.
get married	/ get 'mærɪd/	heiraten	They love each other and are <b>getting married</b> next year.
intend (v) $\star \star \star$	/inˈtend/	planen	They <b>intend</b> to set up the business in January.
law-breaking (adj)	/ˈlɔːˌbreɪkɪŋ/	Gesetze brechend	They began their <b>law-breaking</b> holiday in Los Angeles.
licence (n) ★★★	/ˈlaɪs(ə)ns/	Lizenz (bei uns: Gebühr)	You must you buy a TV <b>licence</b> if you have a TV.
limit (v) $\star \star \star$	/ˈlɪmɪt/	beschränken	You should <b>limit</b> the trip to a few places so you spend more time in each one.

lottery ticket (n)	/ˈlɒtəri tɪkɪt/	Lottoschein	I bought a lottery ticket – I hope I chose the lucky numbers.
motorbike (n) ★	/ˈməʊtə(r)ˌbaɪk/	Motorrad	How old do you have to be to ride a <b>motorbike</b> ?
partner (n) $\star \star \star$	/'pa:(r)tnə(r)/	Partner	If we work in pairs will you be my <b>partner</b> ?
purpose (n) $\star \star \star$	/'p3:(r)pəs/	Grund	The <b>purpose</b> of my holiday is to visit my pen friend and improve my English.
pyjamas (n pl) ★	/pəˈdʒaːməz/	Pyjama	I always wear <b>pyjamas</b> in bed in the winter.
refrigerator (n)	/riˈfrɪdʒə reɪtə(r)/	Kühlschrank	You'll find juice, milk and eggs in the <b>refrigerator</b> .
stay awake	/ ster əˈwerk/	wachbleiben	I can't <b>stay awake</b> any longer – I'm too tired.
whale-hunting (n)	/'weil.hʌntiŋ/	Walfang	You can't go whale-hunting in Utah – it's 1,500 km from the ocean.
Lesson 3 - You should calm down! (page			
balanced diet (n)	/'bælənst daıət/	ausgewogene Ernährung	A <b>balanced diet</b> contains lots of fruit and green vegetables.
break a promise	/ breik a 'promis/	ein Versprechen brechen	You should never break a promise. If you say you will do something, you should do it.
bully (v) ★	/ˈbʊli/	drangsalieren	Two boys at school are <b>bullying</b> me – every time they see me they say something horrible.
calm down (v)	/ kɑːm ˈdaʊn/	(sich) beruhigen	I know you're upset and angry, but you should try to calm down.
cheat (v) ★	/t∫i:t/	betrügen	Copying somebody else's work in an exam is <b>cheating</b> .
concentrate (v) ★★★	/'kons(ə)n,treɪt/	konzentrieren	The music is very loud so it's hard for me to concentrate on my work.
cyber bullying (n)	/ˈsaɪbə ˌbʊliɪŋ/	Internet-Mobbing	Sending unkind text messages is <b>cyber bullying</b> .
fair (adj) ★★★	/feə(r)/	fair	It isn't <b>fair</b> that I spend a lot of time working while they're having fun.
firmly (adv)	/ˈfɜːmli/	fest	You should say 'No' <b>firmly</b> , so that they know you are serious.
helpful (adj) ★★	/ˈhelpf(ə)l/	hilfreich	It's <b>helpful</b> to talk about things – you'll feel better if you do.
ignore (v) ★★	/ɪgˈnɔː(r)/	ignorieren	You should try to <b>ignore</b> them – don't let them see that you're upset.
keep a secret	/ kiːp ə ˈsiːkrət/	ein Geheimnis für sich behalten	Don't tell Pat anything private – she's can't <b>keep a secret</b> .
lie down (v)	/ laɪ ˈdaʊn/	hinlegen	If you don't feel well, you'd better go and <b>lie down</b> .
make sure	/ meɪk ˈʃɔː/	sicher zu stellen	It's sensible to <b>make sure</b> that you eat a balanced diet.
marks (n pl) ★★★	/ma:(r)ks/	Noten	I get good marks at school, so my friends all want to copy my homework.
mood (n) $\star \star \star$	/muːd/	Stimmung	Her <b>mood</b> changes all the time - sometimes she's happy and then she's sad.
nicely (adv) ★	/'naɪsli/	freundlich	If you ask her <b>nicely</b> , maybe she'll say 'Yes'.
panic (v) ★	/'pænɪk/	in Panik geraten	She was so worried when he didn't come home that she started to <b>panic</b> .
(im)possible (adj) ★★★	/ˈpɒsəb(ə)l/	(un)möglich	I can't do it at all. It's <b>impossible</b> .
put on weight	/ put on 'weit/	Gewicht zunehmen	l eat a lot, but I never <b>put on weight</b> .
rapidly (adv)	/ˈræpɪdli/	schnell	The weather changed so rapidly - it was sunny and then it suddenly started to rain!
revision (n) ★★	/rɪˈvɪʒ(ə)n/	Lernen	He must do some <b>revision</b> before the test.
sensible (adj) ★★	/ˈsensəb(ə)l/	vernünftig	It's <b>sensible</b> to eat a balanced diet.
sit down (v)	/ˌsɪt ˈdaʊn/	hinsetzen	Come in and sit down. Would you like a cup of coffee?
situation (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˌsɪt∫uˈeɪ∫(ə)n/	Situation	James Bond often gets into dangerous situations.
slow down (v)	/ sləʊ ˈdaʊn/	langsamer fahren	You're driving too fast – please <b>slow down</b> .
solve (v) ★★★	/splv/	lösen	We need to find a way to <b>solve</b> the problem of pollution.
stressed (adj)	/strest/	gestresst sein	I always get stressed before exams and find it difficult to relax.
tell lies	/ tel ˈlaɪz/	Lügen erzählen	You shouldn't believe Pat, she's always <b>telling lies</b> .
turn down (v)	/ˌtɜːn ˈdaʊn/	hier: leiser machen	The music is very loud – you ought to <b>turn it down</b> .
write down (v)	/ raɪt ˈdaʊn/	aufschreiben	Please would you write down your mobile number on this piece of paper?
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Discussing			
against the law	/ə genst ðə 'lɔː/	rechtswidrig	It's <b>against the law</b> to drive a car when you are 15.
aid (n) ★★	/eɪd/	Entwicklungshilfe	More <b>aid</b> is now given to help poorer countries.
boil (v) ★	/bɔɪl/	abkochen	When you make hot drinks, just <b>boil</b> the water you need.
cause (v) ★★★	/kɔ:z/	verursachen	Many illnesses are <b>caused</b> by dirty drinking water.
control (n) $\star \star \star$	/kənˈtrəʊl/	Kontrolle	We need new laws to increase pollution <b>control</b> .
(in)correct (adj) ★★★	/kəˈrekt/	falsch/richtig	lt's not right, it's wrong. It's <b>incorrect</b> .
(in)credible (adj) ★	/ˈkredəb(ə)l/	unglaublich/glaubwürdig	People in the USA use an <b>incredible</b> amount of water.
developing world (n)	/dɪˌveləpɪŋ ˈwɜːld/	Entwicklungsländer	People in Africa and other countries in the <b>developing world</b> can't get enough water.

dignity (n) ★★	/ˈdɪɡnəti/	Würde	She was in a very difficult situation, but she was calm and kept her <b>dignity</b> .
dirty (adj) $\star \star$	/'d3:(r)ti/	schmutzig	Take those <b>dirty</b> shoes off before you come into the house.
drinking water (n)	/ˈdrɪnkɪŋ ˌwɔːtə/	Trinkwasser	He became ill because he drank dirty <b>drinking water</b> .
electricity (n) $\star \star \star$	/I lekˈtrɪsəti/	Strom	We should turn off the lights to save electricity.
export (n) $\star \star \star$	/'eksp:(r)t/	Export	Coffee is the country's largest <b>export</b> to Europe.
fair trade (n)	/ feə 'treɪd/	Fair Trade	Fair trade means that workers in developing countries get a good price for their exports.
figure (= number) (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈfɪqə(r)/	Zahl	The total is now 150, but this <b>figure</b> gets bigger every day.
greenhouse gas (n)	/ gri:nhaʊs ˈɡæs/	Treibhausgas	Carbon dioxide is a <b>greenhouse gas</b> that pollutes the environment.
heating (n) $\star\star$	/ˈhiːtɪŋ/	Heizung	I was feeling rather hot so I turned down the <b>heating</b> .
however (conj) ★★★	/haʊˈevə(r)/	trotzdem	It's nice talking to you. <b>However</b> , I have to leave now.
(il)logical (adj) ★★	/'lpdʒɪk(ə)l/	(un)logisch	Your point doesn't make sense. It's <b>illogical</b> .
make a difference	/ meik ə ˈdɪfrəns/	einen Unterschied machen/(etw. verändern)	If you save energy, you will <b>make a difference</b> to the world.
on standby (adv)	/ pn 'stændbar/	auf Standby	If you leave your TV on standby it uses more electricity than if you switch it off.
(im)perfect (adj) ★★★	/'ps:(r)fikt/	mangelhaft/makellos	It's not how it should be. It's imperfect.
policy (n) ***		Politik	The Chinese have a <b>policy</b> of 'one family, one child'.
(im)polite (adj) ★	/pəˈlaɪt/	(un)höflich	When you are rude you are <b>impolite</b> .
poverty (n) $\star \star$	/'ppvə(r)ti/	Armut	They live in <b>poverty</b> . They have no money and not enough food to eat.
price (n) $\star \star$	/prais/	Preis	The price of tickets has increased from £100 to £120.
proper (adj) ★★★	/'propə(r)/	richtig	They don't have <b>proper</b> toilets – they use a hole in the ground.
proverb (n)	/'prov3:(r)b/	Sprichwort	A famous English <b>proverb</b> says that a stitch in time saves nine.
remote (adj) $\star \star$	/rɪˈməʊt/	abgelegen	The village is very <b>remote</b> – the nearest town is 200 km away.
	/riˈspekt/		We must show our <b>respect</b> for the teacher by not talking in class. /
respect (n) ★★★		Respekt	We should listen to each other and <b>respect</b> each other's views.
respect (v) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈspekt/	respektieren	•
skill (n) ★★★	/skil/	Fähigkeit	The ability to grow food is an important <b>skill</b> in poor countries.
solar power (n)	/ˈsəʊlə ˌpaʊə/	Solarenergie	There are many hours of sun in Africa, so African nations should use more <b>solar power</b> .
switch off (v)	/,swɪʧ ˈɒf/ /triːt/	abschalten	Switch off the lights when you leave a room.
treat (v) <b>* * *</b>	, ,	behandeln	Doctors can <b>treat</b> a lot of diseases.
(in)visible (adj) ★★	/ˈvɪzəb(ə)l/	(un)sichtbar	We can't see black holes. They're <b>invisible</b> .
work for a living	/ˈwɜːk fər ə ˌlɪvɪŋ/	für den Lebensunterhalt arbeiten	Children as young as 5 should not have to <b>work for a living</b> .
Inspiration Extra! (pages 44-45)	(most fronds (	Fuer under de effecte en el blie en eur	l factures levels. What can like to make new friends?
make friends	/,meɪk ˈfrendz/	Freundschaften schliessen	I feel very lonely. What can I do to <b>make new friends</b> ?
Culture (pages 46-47)			
author (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈɔːθə(r)/	Autor/in	Ian Fleming, who wrote the James Bond novels, is my favourite <b>author</b> .
biography (n) ★	/baɪˈɒɡrəfi/	Biografie	This <b>biography</b> tells the story of Ghandi's life and achievements.
breath (n) $\star \star \star$	/breθ/	Atemzug	He took a deep <b>breath</b> and jumped into the swimming pool.
breathe (v) ★★	/briːð/	atmen	It is impossible for people to <b>breathe</b> under water.
criminal (n) ★	/ˈkrɪmɪn(ə)l/	Straftäter/in	The police are searching for a <b>criminal</b> who stole a car from the city centre.
detective story (n)	/dɪˈtektɪv ˌstɔːri/	Kriminalroman	Paolo likes <b>detective stories</b> about solving crimes.
excitedly (adv)	/ɪkˈsaɪtɪdli/	aufgeregt	He talked <b>excitedly</b> about how he solved the mystery.
explosion (n) $\star \star$	/ɪkˈspləʊʒ(ə)n/	Explosion	There was a loud noise and the sky lit up with a huge <b>explosion</b> .
handsome (adj) ★★	/ˈhæns(ə)m/	gut aussehend	He's tall and strong with big blue eyes – he's very handsome.
knock (v) ★★★	/npk/	anstossen	She <b>knocked</b> the chair with her leg and it fell over.
mysterious (adj) ★★	/mɪˈstɪəriəs/	rätselhaft	She's so <b>mysterious</b> – nobody really knows anything about her.
mystery (n) ★★	/ˈmɪst(ə)ri/	Geheimnis	We may never know what happened – it's a <b>mystery</b> .
non-fiction (n)	/ˌnɒnˈfɪkʃ(ə)n/	Sachliteratur	Kazuo likes reading <b>non-fiction</b> – he loves to know facts and figures.
pearl (n) ★	/pɜː(r)l/	Perle	She was wearing a string of small white <b>pearls</b> around her neck.
romantic novel (n)	/rəʊˈmæntɪk ˈnɒv(ə)l/	Roman	Jane Austen's Persuasion is my favourite <b>romantic novel</b> .
speed (v) ★★	/spi:d/	schnell fahren	He started driving slowly, but soon he was <b>speeding</b> along the road.
underworld (n)	/ˈʌndə(r)ˌwɜː(r)ld/	Unterwelt	Police are investigation the <b>underworld</b> criminal 'Mr Big'.

unknown (adj) ★★	/ʌnˈnəʊn/	fremd	The exact location of the celebrity's house is <b>unknown</b> .
UNIT 4 MIND OVER MATTER			
Lesson 1 - She saw furniture moving (page	es 48-49)		
bruise (n)	/bru:z/	blauer Fleck	He had a big blue <b>bruise</b> on his arm where the ball hit him.
clap (v) ★	/klæp/	klatschen	I knew the concert had finished because I could hear the audience <b>clapping</b> .
$code(n) \star \star \star$	/kəʊd/	Code	They communicated using a <b>code</b> of one knock for 'No' and two knocks for 'Yes'.
communicate (v) ★★	/kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪt/	kommunizieren	Whales can <b>communicate</b> with each other over large distances.
conclusion (n) $\star \star \star$	/kənˈkluːʒ(ə)n/	Ergebnis	After investigating, they came to the <b>conclusion</b> that the house was haunted.
dare (v) ★★	/deə(r)/	(sich) trauen	I was so scared that I didn't <b>dare</b> move.
differently (adv)	/ˈdɪfrəntli/	anders	Joe and I agreed that the concert was good, but James thought differently.
floor (n) ★★★	/flo:(r)/	Boden	There weren't any chairs, so we had to sit on the <b>floor</b> .
fright (n)	/fraɪt/	Schreck	I got a terrible <b>fright</b> when I saw the ghost.
go away (v)	/ ɡəʊ əˈweɪ/	fortgehen	I'm going away and won't come back until the summer.
hairbrush (n)	/ˈheə(r) brʌ[/	Haarbürste	You should use a <b>hairbrush</b> to tidy your hair.
happening (n)	/ˈhæp(ə)nɪŋ/	Ereignis	There were a lot of strange <b>happenings</b> in the house which made us think it was haunted.
haunted (adj)	/ˈhɔːntɪd/	es spukt	I don't believe in ghosts, but they say the house is <b>haunted</b> .
haunting (n)	/ˈhɔːntɪŋ/	Spuk	The <b>haunting</b> ended and they never saw the ghost again.
investigate (v) ★★★	/in vestigeit/	Nachforschungen anstellen	Police officers decided to investigate her story.
juggle (v)	/ˈdʒʌɡ(ə)l/	jonglieren	The man was juggling with four balls.
kite (n) ★	/kait/	Drachen	It was a windy day, so we went to the park to fly our <b>kite</b> .
knock (n) ★	/npk/	Klopfen	I heard a <b>knock</b> on the door and went to answer it.
lip (n) $\star \star \star$	/lɪp/	Lippe	I knew she was talking because I could see her <b>lips</b> moving.
nasty (adj)	/'na:sti/	hier: fies	It wasn't nice at all. In fact, it was <b>nasty</b> .
play back (v)	/ pleɪ ˈbæk/	zurückspulen	She <b>played back</b> the video and watched the scene again.
psychic investigator (n)	/ saikik in vestigeita/	Hellsehrt/Medium	Dorothy's house was haunted so she visited a <b>psychic investigator</b> .
reporter (n) ★	/rɪˈpɔː(r)tə(r)/	Reporter/in	A newspaper <b>reporter</b> interviewed him about the accident.
rise (v) $\star \star \star$	/raiz/	sich erheben	When the chair <b>rose</b> into the air, the police officer was frightened.
sideways (adv) ★	/ˈsaɪdweɪz/	seitwärts	The chair moved <b>sideways</b> to the left and then back again to the right.
terror (n) <b>*</b> *	/ˈterə(r)/	Grauen	When I saw the ghost my fear turned to <b>terror</b> .
whale (n) $\star\star$	/weil/	Wal	Whales can communicate with each other over large distances.
Lesson 2 - I'll keep my figers crossed! (pag			
accidentally (adv) *	/ æksɪˈdent(ə)li/	versehentlich	He <b>accidentally</b> broke a mirror – he should be more careful.
anxious (adj) ★★	/ˈæŋkʃəs/	beunruhigt (sein)	You don't need to be <b>anxious</b> - everything will be OK.
$coin(n) \star \star$	/kɔɪn/	Münze	He took three <b>coins</b> out of his pocket and put them in the charity box.
down-to-earth	/ daʊn tuː 'ɜ:θ/	pragmatisch	She is very <b>down-to-earth</b> even though her parents are rich and famous.
find out (v)	/ faind 'aut/	herausfinden	You can <b>find out</b> more details on our website.
follow advice	/ fpləʊ ədˈvaɪs/	(einem) Rat folgen	She <b>followed my advice</b> and worked hard for her exams.
forecast (n) ★★	/ˈfɔː(r)kɑːst/	Bericht	The weather <b>forecast</b> said that it's going to rain tomorrow.
go out (v)	//.gəʊ 'aʊt/	raus gehen	You shouldn't <b>go out</b> in this terrible weather.
horoscope (n)	/ˈhɒrəˌskəʊp/	Horoskop	Tell me when your birthday is and I'll read out your <b>horoscope</b> .
It makes no difference.	/it meiks nav 'difrans/	es ist egal	She tried to apologise but <b>it made no difference</b> to him.
ladder (n) ★★	/ˈlædə(r)/	Leiter	A firefighter climbed up a <b>ladder</b> to the roof of the house.
leaf (pl leaves) (n) $\star \star \star$	/li:f/	Blatt (pl Blätter)	In autumn, the <b>leaves</b> fall from the trees.
look out (v)	/ luk 'aut/	Pass auf!	Look out! There's a car coming.
lucky charm (n)	/.lʌki 'ʧaːm/	Glücksbringer	He always takes his favourite pen into exams – it's his <b>lucky charm</b> .
map (n) $\star \star \star$	/mæp/	Landkarte	Take a <b>map</b> in case you get lost.
painter (n) $\star \star$	/'peintə(r)/	Maler/in	The <b>painter</b> painted the front door blue.
prediction (n) $\star\star$	/priˈdɪkʃ(ə)n/	Vorhersage	His <b>prediction</b> that she would be late was correct.
prove (v) $\star \star \star$	/pru:v/	beweisen	Would you walk under a ladder to prove it's not unlucky?

rational (adj) ★★	/ˈræʃ(ə)nəl/	rational	He's a very rational person who thinks that everything has a sensible explanation.
read out (v)	/ ri:d 'aut/	vorlesen	The teacher told me to <b>read out</b> my answers to the class.
supernatural (n)	/ˌsuːpə(r)ˈnæt∫ərəl/	übernatürlich	He doesn't believe in the <b>supernatural</b> – he thinks that everything can be explained.
superstition (n)	/ suːpə(r)ˈstɪ∫(ə)n/	Aberglaube	Crossing your fingers for good luck is a popular superstition.
superstitious (adj)	/ suːpə(r)ˈstɪʃəs/	abergläubisch	He's very superstitious and would never walk under a ladder.
take no notice	/ teik nəu 'nəutis/	Höre nicht auf	Take no notice of what they say – it isn't important.
take out (v)	/ teik 'aut/	herausnehmen	He took some money out of his pocket to pay for the coffees.
Touch wood.	/ tʌʧ 'wʊd/	Klopf auf Holz	I'll be chosen for the team, <b>touch wood</b> .
try out (v)	/ trai 'aut/	ausprobieren	Let's try out the new café in town!
turn off the lights	/ tɜːn ɒf ðə ˈlaɪts/	das Licht ausschalten	We should <b>turn off the lights</b> to save electricity.
Lesson 3 - If you follow this advice (p	ages 52-52)		
associate (n) ★	/əˈsəʊsiət/	assoziieren	In my mind I always associate sandwiches with picnics we had when I was a child.
brain (n) ★★★	/brein/	Gehirn	Your brain is where you store information and memories.
calendar (n) ★★	/ˈkælɪndə(r)/	Kalender	If you can't remember what day it is, look at the <b>calendar</b> .
category (n)	/ˈkætəg(ə)ri/	Kategorie	You should organise words into categories to help you remember them.
connection (n) $\star \star \star$	/kəˈnek∫(ə)n/	Verbindung	You will remember things if you make <b>connections</b> between them in your mind.
consolidation (n)	/kənˌsɒlɪˈdeɪ∫(ə)n/	Verdichtung	Sleep helps consolidation of information – it makes information stay in your memory.
crash (computer) (v) ★★	/kræ∫/	abstürzen	My computer crashed and now I have to do all my homework again.
fix (v) ★★★	/fɪks/	verankern	I tried to forget what happened but it was <b>fixed</b> in my memory.
improve (v) ★★★	/ımˈpruːv/	verbessern	If you write things down, your ability to remember them will <b>improve</b> .
increase (v) ★★★	/inˈkriːs/	erhöhen	Here is some useful advice to <b>increase</b> your ability to remember things.
It's on the tip of my tongue	/ its on ða tip av mai 'tʌŋ/	Es liegt mir auf der Zunge	Wait! It's on the tip of my tongue - the answer is London.
landmark (n)	/ˈlæn(d).ma:(r)k/	Wahrzeichen	Big Ben and St Paul's Cathedral are important landmarks in London.
memorable (adj)	/ˈmem(ə)rəb(ə)l/	einprägsam	The wedding was a <b>memorable</b> occasion.
memory (n) ★★★	/ˈmem(ə)ri/	Erinnerungsvermögen	He's got a very good <b>memory</b> – he never forgets anybody's name.
pay attention	/ peɪ əˈten∫(ə)n/	(genau) zuhören	Listen carefully – you need to pay attention to what I'm saying.
personalise (v)	/'ps:(r)s(ə)nəlaız/	individuell anpassen	If you <b>personalise</b> new information, it will be easier to remember.
process (v)	/prəˈses/	verarbeiten	There was so much information that I couldn't <b>process</b> it all.
recall (v) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈkɔːl/	erinnern	I knew I had met him before but I couldn't <b>recall</b> where.
reply (v) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈplaɪ/	antworten	Please <b>reply</b> to this invitation by 21st May.
research (n) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈsɜː(r)tʃ, ˈriːsɜː(r)tʃ/	Forschung	Scientific research shows that sleep helps improve your memory.
shelf (pl shelves) (n) ★★	/[elf/	Regal (pl Regale)	I went to the library but I couldn't find the book I wanted on the <b>shelves</b> .
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Telling a St	ory (pages 54-55)		
adore (v)	/əˈdɔː(r)/	verehren	She <b>adores</b> animals and wants to be a vet.
anger (n) ★★	/ˈæŋɡə(r)/	Wut	There was frustration and <b>anger</b> at the decision.
annual (adj) ★★★	/ˈænjuəl/	jährlich	The <b>annual</b> party happens every July.
confess (v) ★★	/kənˈfes/	gestehen	He <b>confessed</b> to the police that he had killed his wife.
diver (n)	/ˈdaɪvə(r)/	Taucher/in	A <b>diver</b> found some old coins at the bottom of the sea.
drown (v) ★★	/dravn/	ertrinken	She fell into the sea and <b>drowned</b> because she couldn't swim.
fancy dress ball (n)	/ fænsi 'dres bo:l/	Kostümball	She didn't know what costume to wear for the <b>fancy dress ball</b> .
honeymoon (n) ★	/ˈhʌniˌmuːn/	Flitterwochen	After the wedding, they spent their <b>honeymoon</b> in Italy.
housekeeper (n)	/ˈhaʊsˌkiːpə(r)/	Haushälterin	The <b>housekeeper</b> cleaned the rooms and cooked the meals.
impatiently (adv)	/ɪmˈpeɪ∫(ə)ntli/	ungeduldig	He answered her questions <b>impatiently</b> because he'd already explained the situation to her.
importance (n) $\star \star \star$	/im'po:(r)t(ə)ns/	Bedeutung	Technology plays a huge role in the global <b>importance</b> of English.
inquest (n)	/'iŋkwest/	gerichtliche Untersuchung	There was an <b>inquest</b> into Rebecca's death to discover how she died.
presence (n) $\star \star \star$	/'prez(ə)ns/	Anwesenheit	I couldn't see her, but I could feel her <b>presence</b> in the house.
put on clothes	/ put pn 'kləuðz/	Kleidung anziehen	She <b>put on her clothes</b> quickly because she was late.
role (n) $\star \star \star$	/rəʊl/	Rolle	I have a new <b>role</b> at work that pays more money.
servant (n) $\star \star \star$	/'s3:(r)v(ə)nt/	Bedienstete/r	They had a big house with lots of <b>servants</b> to do all the cooking and housework.

suicide (n) ★★	/ˈsuːɪsaɪd/	Selbstmord	Her death wasn't an accident and nobody killed her. It was suicide.
verdict (n) **	/'v3:(r)dikt/	Gerichtsurteil	What was the <b>verdict</b> at the inguest?
wig (n)	/wig/	Perücke	She didn't have any hair, she wore a <b>wig</b> .
Inspiration Extra! (pages 56-57)	ļ, <u>.</u> g,	1 or done	
make a list	/ meik ə 'list/	eine Liste machen	Make a list of ten things you'd like to do in the future.
Review Units 3-4 (pages 58-59)	[r ,		
do some work	/ duː səm ˈwɜːk/	etwas arbeiten	If you want to pass the exam, you must <b>do some work</b> !
engine (n)	end31n/	Motor	He started the engine and drove away.
give someone a lift	/ gɪv sʌmwʌn ə ˈlɪft/	iemanden mitnehmen	I've got a car, so I can give you a lift to the cinema.
notice (v) $\star \star \star$	/'nəʊtɪs/	bemerken	He didn't <b>notice</b> the car coming towards him until it was too late.
UNIT 5 CHALLENGES		1	
Lesson 1 - Has she learnt first aid ye	t? (pages 62-63)		
actor (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈæktə(r)/	Schauspieler/in	Actors perform in a theatre or on television.
call in (at)	/ kɔːl 'ɪn (æt)/	vorbeigehen (bei)	They're going to <b>call in</b> for a short visit tomorrow.
challenging (adj)	/ˈtʃælɪndʒɪŋ/	anspruchsvoll	It's a <b>challenging</b> journey, with lots of difficulties along the way.
first aid (n)	/ fɜːst ˈeɪd/	Erste Hilfe	If you learn <b>first aid</b> , you'll be able to help someone if they have an accident.
highlight (∨) ★★	/ˈhaɪˌlaɪt/	herausheben	By making this film they are <b>highlighting</b> the work of UNICEF.
mile (n) $\star \star \star$	/maɪl/	Meile	A marathon is a race over more than 26 miles.
motorcycle (n)	/ˈməʊtə(r) saɪk(ə)l/	Motorrad	They travelled around the world on <b>motorcycles</b> .
skiing (n)	/ˈskiːɪŋ/	skifahren	I'm going <b>skiing</b> in Switzerland this winter.
youth centre (n)	/ˈjuːθ ˌsentə/	Jugendclub	They visited a <b>youth centre</b> where young people go to play sports and learn English.
Lesson 2 - Have you ever wondered	? (pages 64-65)		
activity (n) $\star \star \star$	/ækˈtɪvəti/	Beschäftigung	Reading is my favourite leisure <b>activity</b> .
bouncy (adj)	/ˈbaʊnsi/	springend	She couldn't catch the ball because it was too <b>bouncy</b> .
bungee jumping (n)	/ˈbʌndʒi: ˌdʒʌmpɪŋ/	Bungee-Jumping	I haven't tried <b>bungee jumping</b> . I don't want to jump off of a bridge!
combine (v) $\star \star \star$	/kəmˈbaɪn/	verbinden	This sport <b>combines</b> skiing and flying – you ski down a hill and then fly through the air.
efficient (adj) ★★★	/ɪˈfɪʃ(ə)nt/	produktiv	The most <b>efficient</b> way to plan your day is to write a list of what you have to do.
free running (n)	/ fri: ˈrʌnɪŋ/	Freerunning	Free running involves running, climbing and jumping from building to building.
ice hockey (n)	/'aɪs hoki/	Eishockey	Ice hockey is a popular sport in Canada.
involve (v) ★★★	/ınˈvɒlv/	beinhalten	The sport <b>involves</b> running and jumping.
kite surfing (n)	/'kaɪt ˌsɜːfɪŋ/	Kitesurfing	Kite surfing is like water-skiing but you also fly through the air on a kite.
line (n) ★★★	/laɪn/	Schnur	The kite is attached to 30-metre <b>lines</b> , which you hold onto.
litre (n) ★	/ˈliːtə(r)/	Liter	She had to drink 2 litres of water a day.
parachute (n)	/ˈpærə,∫uːt/	Fallschirm	He jumped out of a plane with a <b>parachute</b> to raise money for charity.
paragliding (n)	/'pærə,glaɪdɪŋ/	Paragliding	Paragliding involves jumping from a high place and flying slowly down to the ground.
para-skiing (n)	/ˈpærəˌskiːɪŋ/	Paraski	If you like skiing and paragliding, then you'll enjoy para-skiing.
point (n) $\star \star \star$	/pɔɪnt/	Ort	We try to travel from one <b>point</b> to another as quickly as possible.
push (v) $\star \star \star$	/pʊʃ/	stossen	Somebody <b>pushed</b> me and I fell over.
roll (v) ★★★	/rəʊl/	rollen	The ball <b>rolls</b> down a steep hill at 50km an hour.
roller coaster (n)	/ˈrəʊləˌkəʊstə/	Berg- und Talbahn	I went on a <b>roller coaster</b> but it was so high and so fast that I was afraid.
sailing (n)	/ˈseɪlɪŋ/	Segeln	If it is windy tomorrow, I'm going sailing with my friend on her yacht.
sphere (n) ★★	/sfɪə(r)/	Kugel	A <b>sphere</b> is round, like a ball.
sphereing (n)	/ˈsfɪərɪŋ/	Zorbing	Sphereing involves rolling down a steep hill in a giant ball full of water.
steep (adj) ★★	/sti:p/	steil	The hill was very <b>steep</b> , so it was difficult to walk back up to the top again.
steer (v) ★	/stiə(r)/	steuern	You can pull on the lines to <b>steer</b> the kite to the left or the right.
strap (v)	/stræp/	festbinden	They <b>strapped</b> me into the ball so that I wouldn't fall out.
surfboard (n)	/ˈsɜː(r)fˌbɔː(r)d/	Surfbrett	She was back on her <b>surfboard</b> less than four weeks after the accident.
uncontrollably (adv)	/ ʌnkənˈtrəʊləbli/	unkontrollierbar	l could hear myself laughing <b>uncontrollably</b> – I couldn't stop!
water-skiing (n)	/ˈwɔːtə ˌskiːɪŋ/	Wasser-Ski fahren	Water-skiing is my favourite sport – skiing on water is much better than skiing on snow.

whizz (v)	/wiz/	rasen	Everything whizzed by so fast that I couldn't see anything.
zorbing (n)	/'zɔ:bɪŋ/	Zorbing	Zorbing involves rolling down a steep hill in a giant ball full of water.
Lesson 3 - We've been friends ever since we	, ,	Zorbing	
agency (n) $\star \star \star$	/'eidʒ(ə)nsi/	Agentur	The <b>agency</b> is a charity which helps poor people in the developing world.
assist (v) $\star \star \star$	/əˈsɪst/	helfen	Being rich and famous means that he can <b>assist</b> charities which need his help.
attitude (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈætɪ.tjuːd/	Einstellung	My <b>attitude</b> to drugs has always been to stay away from them.
authorities (n pl) $\star \star \star$		Behörden	We have to follow the rules created by the <b>authorities</b> .
charitable (adj) ★	/ˈtʃærɪtəb(ə)l/	wohltätig	It's a <b>charitable</b> organisation that raises money for projects in Africa.
cigarette (n) $\star \star \star$	/ sigairet/	Zigarette	He smoked a <b>cigarette</b> when he was 13, but he didn't like it.
community (n) $\star \star \star$	/kəˈmjuːnəti/	Gemeinschaft	A community is the group of people who live in a place.
cut out (v)	/ kot 'aut/	mit etwas aufhören	I need to lose weight, so I'm going to <b>cut out</b> chocolate and cakes.
$drug(n) \star \star \star$		Droge	They do a test every day to make sure he hasn't taken any <b>drugs</b> .
entertain (v) $\star \star$	/ entə(r) 'teɪn/	unterhalten	He entertains the crowd with his juggling act.
fall out (with)	/ fɔ:l 'aʊt (wīð)/	sich verkrachen (mit jemandem)	I <b>fell out</b> with him because he kissed my girlfriend.
fame (n) ★★	/ferm/	Ruhm	His fame means that people recognise him wherever he goes.
fortunate (adj) $\star \star$	/ˈfɔː(r)tʃənət/	wohlhabend	The charity helps people who are less <b>fortunate</b> .
get rid of	/ get 'rīd əv/	loswerden	It's very difficult to get rid of a bad habit.
habit (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈhæbɪt/	Angewohnheit	He needs to stop biting his nails – it's a bad habit.
hit it off	/ hit it 'pf/	sich qut verstehen	We <b>hit it off</b> immediately and now he is my best friend.
in case	/ in keis/	falls	I have to tell them where I go in case they decide to do a test.
medal (n) $\star\star$	/'med(ə)l/	Medaille	Usain Bolt won 3 gold <b>medals</b> in Beijing.
metal (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmet(ə)l/	Metall	The medals are made from 3 different <b>metals</b> – gold, silver and bronze.
novelty (n) $\star$	/'npv(ə)lti/	Neuheit	I liked the <b>novelty</b> of winning a medal for the first time.
· · · ·	/.ppə(r)'tju:nəti/	Gelegenheit	It's important to make the most of any <b>opportunity</b> you get.
opportunity (n) $\star \star \star$ piece (n) $\star \star \star$	/pi:s/	Stück	She gave a <b>piece</b> of cake to everyone.
relay (n)	/'ri:lei/	Staffel	Each member of the <b>relay</b> team needs to run fast if we want to win the race.
sector (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈsektə(r)/	Gebiet	I am a teacher, so I work in the education <b>sector</b> .
set a record	/ set ə 'rekɔːd/	einen Rekord aufstellen	He set a record by running faster than anybody else in history.
straight away	/ streit əˈwei/	sofort	We met and became friends straight away.
test (n) ★★★	/test/	Test	I have to have a <b>test</b> to make sure I haven't taken drugs.
test (V) $\star \star \star$	/test/	testen	They test my blood to make sure I haven't taken drugs.
wear off (v)	/ wear 'pf/	nachlassen	It was exciting at the beginning, but the excitement wore off after a while.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing pers			it was exerting at the beginning, but the exercision word on arter a white.
altitude sickness (n)	/'æltītjuːd ˌsīknəs/	Höhenkrankheit	Lots of people become ill with <b>altitude sickness</b> because the path is 4,000 metres high.
beef (n) $\star \star$	/bi:f/	Rindfleisch	Beef is the meat that comes from cows.
border (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈbɔ:(r)də(r)/	Grenze	Lake Titicaca is on the <b>border</b> between Peru and Bolivia.
electricity (n) $\star \star \star$	/I lek'trisəti/	Strom	If we turn off the lights, we'll save <b>electricity</b> .
exhausting (adj)	/igˈzɔːstɪŋ/	anstrengend	The trek along the Inca trail took four days and it was <b>exhausting</b> .
face (v) $\star \star \star$	/feis/	hier: keine Lust auf etw. haben	I couldn't <b>face</b> eating the local food – it didn't look good.
freshwater (adj)	/ˈfreʃ.wɔːtə(r)/	Süßwasser	It's easier to swim in the sea than in a <b>freshwater</b> lake.
guinea pig (n)		Meerschweinchen	The guinea pig looked like a small rabbit with small ears and no tail – I couldn't eat it!
headache (n)	/ hed_eik/	Kopfschmerzen	If you have a <b>headache</b> , you should lie down and close your eyes.
hostel (n)	/'host(ə)l/	Hostel	We stayed in a <b>hostel</b> for walkers, which was very comfortable.
llama (n)	/'lg:mə/	Lama	People in Peru use animals called <b>llamas</b> to carry their possessions.
magic (adj) $\star \star$	/ˈmædʒɪk/	zauberhaft	The clouds covered the mountain. It was <b>magic</b> !
mountain (range) (n) $\star \star \star$	/'mauntin/	Bergkette	The Andes mountain range runs through Peru.
nationality (n) ★	/ næʃəˈnæləti/	Staatsangehörigkeit	Where are you from? What's your <b>nationality</b> ?
		<u>v</u> <u>v</u>	
popularity (n) $\star \star$	/ popjo lærəti/	Beliebtheit	The <b>popularity</b> of backpacking holidays has increased recently.

reality (n) $\star \star \star$	/riˈæləti/	in Wirklichkeit	Snowboarding looks difficult, but in <b>reality</b> , it's quite easy
responsibility (n) $\star \star \star$	/rī,sponsə'bīləti/	Verantwortung	Parents have a <b>responsibility</b> to look after their children.
roast (adj)	/raust/	braten	Roast meat is cooked in an oven or over a fire.
snowboarding (n)	/ˈsnəʊˌbɔ:(r)dɪŋ/	Snowboarden	Luis loves skiing but I prefer <b>snowboarding</b> .
speciality (n) $\star$	/ spe [i'æləti/	Spezialität	Seafood is a <b>speciality</b> in this restaurant.
trail (n)	/treil/	Wanderweg	We walked along the <b>trail</b> to the top of the mountain.
trek (n)	/trek/	Treck	The <b>trek</b> along the Inca trail took four days.
valuable (adj) $\star \star \star$	/'væljʊb(ə)l/	wertvoll	I lost my watch, but luckily it wasn't <b>valuable</b> .
worth (adj) $\star \star \star$	/w3:(r)θ/	lohnenswert	It was difficult to get there, but it was <b>worth</b> it – the view was amazing.
Culture (pages 72-73)	/ <b>W</b> O.(1)0/		
airline (n) $\star\star$	/ˈeə(r) laɪn/	Fluglinie	The <b>airline</b> flies to Australia three times a week.
as a rule	/ æz ə 'ru:l/	in der Regel	As a rule, tourists usually stay in beach resorts.
benefit (v) $\star \star \star$	/ˈbenɪfɪt/	unterstützen	Many tourists believe that the money they spend on a holiday <b>benefits</b> the local people.
business (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈbɪznəs/	Geschäft	Tourism is big <b>business</b> in Europe and provides at least 10 million jobs.
coach (vehicle) (n) $\star \star$	/kəʊtʃ/	Reisebus	The tourists travel from the airport to their hotel in a <b>coach</b> .
company (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈkʌmp(ə)ni/	Firma	The tour is organised by a European <b>company</b> called 'We Tour'.
$cook(n) \star \star$	/kʊk/	Koch	He is a really good <b>cook</b> and makes excellent meals.
$cost(n) \star \star \star$	/kpst/	Preis	The <b>cost</b> of the hotel is included in the price.
economy (n) $\star \star \star$	/ıˈkɒnəmi/	Wirtschaft	Tourism is important for the <b>economy</b> because tourists spend a lot of money.
import (v) ★★	/ımˈpɔː(r)t/	importieren	The coach was <b>imported</b> into Africa from Europe.
local (n) ★★	/ˈləʊk(ə)l/	Einheimische/r	Talk to the <b>locals</b> to learn more about life in their country.
plant (v) $\star \star$	/pla:nt/	anbauen	They <b>plant</b> vegetables to feed the local community.
preach (v) ★	/pri:t[/	predigen	If you preach about hard work to other people, you should work hard yourself.
public transport (n) $\star$	/ pʌblɪk ˈtrænspɔːt/	öffentlicher Verkehr	If you use <b>public transport</b> instead of tourist buses, you will meet local people.
resort (n) ★	/rɪˈzɔː(r)t/	Ferienort	On their holiday, they stayed in a tourist <b>resort</b> in the mountains.
responsible (adj) ★★★	/rɪˈspɒnsəb(ə)l/	verantwortungsvoll	<b>Responsible</b> tourists are sensible and always think about the local people.
salary (n) $\star\star$	/ˈsæləri/	Gehalt	His <b>salary</b> for working at the hotel is £25,000 a year.
souvenir (n) ★	/ˌsuːvəˈnɪə(r)/	Andenken	Tourists buy souvenirs to take back home to remind them of their holiday.
staff (n) ★★★	/sta:f/	Angestelle/r	The <b>staff</b> who work at the hotel are all European.
tidy (adj) ★	/'taɪdi/	ordentlich	You must be <b>tidy</b> – don't leave your rubbish everywhere.
tourist (n) ★★★	/ˈtʊərɪst/	Tourist/in	The <b>tourists</b> travel from the airport to their hotel in a coach.
vital (adj) ★★★	/ˈvaɪt(ə)l/	entscheidend	The money that tourists spend is <b>vital</b> to the economy.
UNIT 6 THAT'S CLEVER!			
Lesson 1 - He had won awards (pages 74	-75)		
advantage (n) ★★★	/əd'va:ntɪdʒ/	Vorteil	With the waterbike you can have fun and get the <b>advantage</b> of good exercise.
although (conj) ★★★	/ɔːlˈðəʊ/	Obwohl	Although he's 78, he's still very strong and healthy.
balance (v) ★★	/ˈbæləns/	balancieren	If you don't <b>balance</b> well, you might fall over.
bar (n) ★★★	/ba:(r)/	Stange	Her invention is a long metal <b>bar</b> which people can hold to help them climb stairs.
bicycle (n) ★★	/ˈbaɪsɪk(ə)l/	Fahrrad	As a child I loved cycling, but I haven't ridden a <b>bicycle</b> for a long time.
blind (adj) ★★	/blaind/	blind	Thanks to Braille, <b>blind</b> people can read even though they cannot see.
deaf (adj) ★★	/def/	taub	She can't hear what you're saying – she's <b>deaf</b> .
design (n) ★★★	/dɪˈzaɪn/	Design	Ruth Amos created a <b>design</b> for a handrail as part of a school project.
dot (n) ★	/dot/	Punkt	Blind people read by moving their fingers over the <b>dots</b> .
electronics (n) ★★	/ elek troniks/	Elektronik	Ryan was very interested in <b>electronics</b> and equipment that uses electricity.
enemy (n) ★★★	/ˈenəmi/	Feind	Soldiers could communicate and the <b>enemy</b> couldn't hear them.
glove (n) ★★	/glʌv/	Handschuh	If your hands are cold, you should wear <b>gloves</b> .
handrail (n)	/ˈhændˌreɪl/	Geländer	If you hold the <b>handrail</b> it will help you to walk upstairs.
inspiration (n) **	/ inspəˈrei∫(ə)n/	Inspiration	They say genius is one per cent inspiration, and 99 per cent hard work.
invention (n) $\star \star$	/ınˈven∫(ə)n/	Erfindung	Thanks to the <b>invention</b> of mobile phones, it's easier to contact people.

make a sign	/ meik ə 'sain/	eine Geste machen	The deaf person <b>makes a sign</b> and a letter appears on the screen.
metal (adj) ★★★	/'met(ə)l/	metallisch	Ruth's StairSteady is a <b>metal</b> bar which slides on a metal rail
mobility (n) $\star$	/məʊˈbɪləti/	Beweglichkeit	She lost <b>mobility</b> in her legs and couldn't walk well.
product (n) $\star$	/'prodʌkt/	Produkt	The shop sold many different kinds of <b>products</b> .
rail (n) $\star \star \star$	/reil/	Gleis	The bar moves in a straight line along the <b>rail</b> .
raised (adj) ★	/reizd/	erhöht	The dots are <b>raised</b> from the surface of the paper so that you can feel them.
sell out (v)	/ sel 'aut/	ausverkaufen	The tickets for the gig were <b>sold out</b> within 24 hours.
sign language (n)	/ˈsaɪn ˌlæŋgwɪdʒ/	Zeichensprache	People who cannot hear can use sign language to communicate.
simplify (v) ★	/ˈsɪmplɪfaɪ/	vereinfachen	The system was too difficult, so they had to <b>simplify</b> it.
slide (v) ★	/slaid/	gleiten	StairSteady is a metal bar which <b>slides</b> forward when you push it.
soldier (n) $\star \star \star$	/'səʊldʒə(r)/	Soldat/in	He wanted to be a <b>soldier</b> , so he joined the army.
stairs (n pl) ★★★	/steə(r)z/	Тгерре	Her invention helps old people go up and down the <b>stairs</b> .
strength (n) $\star \star \star$	/stren0/	Kraft	She was weak after her illness, so she needed to exercise to recover her strength.
	/ˈsɪstəm/		Braille is a <b>system</b> that allows blind people to "read".
system (n) ★★★	/trænsˈleɪtə(r)/	System	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
translator (n)	/ˈwɜː(r)kaʊt/	Übersetzer	The Sign Language <b>Translator</b> is a glove which translates sign language into letters.
workout (n)		Training	He felt tired after a <b>workout</b> at the gym.
Lesson 2 - People didn't use to throw things a	away (pages /6-//)	Antoine	The <b>ad</b> on TV helped to make British people recycle more.
ad (= advertisement) (n)	/æu/ /brɪk/	Anzeige	
brick (n) $\star \star$		Ziegelstein	He recycled glass bottles into square <b>bricks</b> to build his house.
campaign (n) $\star \star \star$	/kæm'peɪn/ /kæn/	Kampagne	Recycle Week is a <b>campaign</b> to make people recycle their waste.
$can(n) \star \star$		Dose	You can buy cola in bottles and in metal <b>cans</b> .
carpet (n) $\star \star$	/ˈkɑː(r)pɪt/ /kənˈstrʌkt/	Teppich	A beautiful Indian <b>carpet</b> covered the floor.
construct (v) ★★★		bauen	He <b>constructed</b> his house from recycled materials.
consume (v) ★★	/kənˈsjuːm/	konsumieren	We didn't use to buy so many things, but now we <b>consume</b> much more.
cupboard (n) $\star \star$	/ˈkʌbə(r)d/	Schrank	There is a <b>cupboard</b> in the kitchen where we keep the cups and plates.
designer (n) ★★	/dɪˈzaɪnə(r)/	Designer	A top UK <b>designer</b> designed the first home built from recycled materials.
endless (adj) ★★	/'endləs/	endlos	We can do whatever we want – the possibilities are <b>endless</b> .
entirely (adv) ★★★	/ɪnˈtaɪə(r)li/	vollständig	The house is built <b>entirely</b> from recycled materials – from the floor to the roof.
glass (adj) ★★★	/gla:s/	Glas	Glass bottles can be recycled.
hot water bottle (n)	/hpt 'wo:tə bpt(ə)l/	Wärmflasche	In the winter, I always sleep with a <b>hot water bottle</b> in my bed.
imaginative (adj) ★	/ɪˈmædʒɪnətɪv/	einfallsreich	She's very <b>imaginative</b> and is always having exciting new ideas.
in the first place	/ ın ðə ˈfɜːst pleɪs/	überhaupt erst	I didn't want to go to the party in the first place.
jumbo jet (n)	/ dʒʌmbəʊˈdʒet/	Jumbo-Jet	We flew to New York on a huge <b>jumbo jet</b> .
material (n) ★★★	/məˈtɪəriəl/	Material	The house is built from recycled <b>materials</b> such as yoghurt pots and bottles.
pencil case (n)	/'pens(ə)l keis/	Federmäppchen	He put his pens and pencils in his <b>pencil case</b> .
plant (n) $\star \star \star$	/pla:nt/	Pflanze	Potato <b>plants</b> are easy to grow.
plastic (adj) ★★★	/ˈplæstɪk/	Plastik	Supermarkets have reduced their use of <b>plastic</b> bags by nearly 50%.
pot (n) **	/pot/	Topf	Yoghurt is usually sold in plastic <b>pots</b> .
printer (n) ★★	/ˈprɪntə(r)/	Drucker	I need to buy some ink for my <b>printer</b> .
recycle (v) ★	/riːˈsaɪk(ə)l/	recyceln	All the things you <b>recycle</b> can be made into something useful.
recycled (adj)	/riːˈsaɪk(ə)ld/	recycelt	His house is built from <b>recycled</b> materials such as bottles and newspapers.
recycler (n)	/riːˈsaɪklə/	Recycler/in	The UK used to be one of the worst <b>recyclers</b> in Europe.
reduce (v) ★★★	/rɪˈdjuːs/	verringern	Shops have <b>reduced</b> their use of plastic bags by 50%.
resource (n) ★★★	/rɪˈzɔ:(r)s/	Wertstoff	All the things we recycle are <b>resources</b> that can be used to make things.
rubber (adj) ★★	/ˈrʌbə(r)/	Gummi	Rubber tyres from cars can be made into pencil cases and carpets.
saucepan (n) ★	/ˈsɔːspən/	Kochtopf	I cooked the soup in a large <b>saucepan</b> .
stylish (adj) ★	/ˈstaɪlɪ∫/	stilvoll	She's very <b>stylish</b> - always dressed in the latest fashion.
supporter (n) ★★★	/səˈpɔː(r)tə(r)/	Unterstützer	Top UK designer Oliver Heath is a strong <b>supporter</b> of the campaign.
throw away (v)	/ θrəʊ əˈweɪ/	wegwerfen	We shouldn't <b>throw things away</b> , we should recycle them.

turn into (v)	/ tɜːn ˈɪntuː/	(etwas) verwandeln	I like the new uses for ordinary products, like glass bottles <b>turned into</b> bricks.
tyre (n) ★★	/ˈtaɪə(r)/	Reifen	Rubber <b>tyres</b> from cars can be made into pencil cases and carpets.
vacuum cleaner (n)	/ˈvækjʊəm ˌkliːnə/	Staubsauger	They didn't use to have <b>vacuum cleaners</b> to clean their carpets.
waste (n) $\star \star \star$	/weist/	Abfall	We will all benefit from the recycling of <b>waste</b> .
wear out (v)	/ weər ˈaʊt/	abnutzen	People used to wear shoes until they wore out.
wood (n) $\star \star \star$	/wʊd/	Holz	My office desk is made of <b>wood</b> .
wool (n) $\star\star$	/wʊl/	Wolle	A carpet is usually made of <b>wool</b> .
yoghurt (n)	/ˈjɒɡə(r)t/	Joghurt	Yoghurt is made from milk and sometimes has fruit in it.
Lesson 3 - The first car was invented by			
aqualung (n)	/ˈækwəˌlʌŋ/	Tauchergerät	The <b>aqualung</b> was invented in 1943 to help people breathe underwater.
artist (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈɑː(r)tɪst/	Künstler/in	Leonardo da Vinci was not only a great <b>artist</b> , he was also a brilliant inventor.
atomic bomb (n)	/ə tomik 'bom/	Atombombe	Two <b>atomic bombs</b> were dropped on Japan in 1945.
attempt (n) $\star \star \star$	/əˈtempt/	Versuch	I passed my driving test on the third <b>attempt</b> .
car alarm (n)	/ˈkɑːr əˌlɑːm/	Autoalarm(Anlage)	I couldn't sleep last night because I could hear a <b>car alarm</b> in the street.
carpenter (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)pɪntə(r)/	Tischler/in	A carpenter managed to mend the broken chair.
chamber (n) ★★	/ˈtʃeɪmbə(r)/	Kammer	The machine has a <b>chamber</b> which is full of gas.
clockwork (n)	/ˈklɒkˌwɜ:(r)k/	Uhrwerk	The car runs by <b>clockwork</b> - you just turn the handle and it starts to move.
compose (v) ★★	/kəmˈpəʊz/	komponieren	The Marriage of Figaro was <b>composed</b> by Mozart.
director (n) $\star \star \star$	/dəˈrektə(r), daɪˈrektə(r)/	Leiter/in	Galuzzi is <b>director</b> of the Institute and Museum of the History of Science in Florence.
do damage	/ duː ˈdæmɪdʒ/	Schaden anrichten	The machine could <b>do serious damage</b> if it hits something. It's very powerful.
do the shopping	/ duː ðə ˈ[ɒpɪŋ/	den Einkauf machen	I always help my mum <b>do the shopping</b> .
do the washing up	/ duː ðə wɒʃɪŋ ˈʌp/	den Abwasch machen	I have to <b>do the washing up</b> after dinner.
engineer (n) ★★★	/ endʒɪˈnɪə(r)/	Ingenieur/in	A team of <b>engineers</b> built the machine.
full-scale (adj)	/ˈfʊl skeɪl/	hier: in Originalgröße	The model isn't <b>full-scale</b> – it's three times smaller than the real thing.
helicopter (n) **	/ heli koptə(r)/	Hubschrauber	He designed several flying machines, including a <b>helicopter</b> .
highly (adv) $\star \star \star$	/ˈhaɪli/	höchst	He is <b>highly</b> intelligent. He can speak ten languages.
interestingly (adv)	/ˈɪntrəstɪŋli/	Interessanterweise	Interestingly, three inventions were selected for both lists.
internal combustion	/ɪnˌtɜːn(ə)l kəmˈbʌsʧ(ə)n	Verbrennungsmotor	The internal combustion engine appeared on the list of both 'best' and 'worst' inventions.
inventor (n) ★	/inˈventə(r)/	Erfinder/in	Leonardo da Vinci was not only a great artist, he was also a brilliant <b>inventor</b> .
light bulb (n)	/'laɪt ˌbʌlb/	Glühbirne	The electric light bulb was invented by Swan and Edison in 1879.
list (v) ★★★	/lɪst/	aufführen	The car alarm was <b>listed</b> among the worst inventions.
listener (n) ★	/ˈlɪs(ə)nə(r)/	Zuhörer/in	BBC Radio listeners voted the bicycle their favourite invention.
make an attempt	/ meik an a'tempt/	einen Versuch machen	They made an attempt to rescue the hostages.
mobile phone (n) ★★	/ məʊbaɪl ˈfəʊn/	Handy	Luckily, he found the girl's <b>mobile phone</b> and called her parents.
nominate (v) ★	/'nomineit/	nominieren	Listeners were invited to nominate their favourite and least favourite inventions.
nuclear bomb (n)	/ nju:kliə ˈbɒm/	Atombombe	Two nuclear bombs were dropped on Japan in 1945.
on display	/ pn dī spleī/	gezeigt werden	The model is <b>on display</b> in the museum.
poll (n) ★★	/pəʊl/	Abstimmung	The <b>poll</b> gave a list of the best inventions for us to choose from.
powered (adj)	/ˈpaʊəd/	angetrieben	The first successful <b>powered</b> flying machine was built in 1903.
professor (n) **	/prəˈfesə(r)/	Professor/in	'It is a very powerful machine,' said <b>Professor</b> Galuzzi.
put into practice	/ put inta præktis/	in die Tat umsetzen	Carpenters have finally put da Vinci's plans into practice.
pyramid (n) ★	/ˈpɪrəmɪd/	Pyramide	The <b>Pyramids</b> of Giza, in Egypt, were built 5,000 years ago.
run into (v)	/ˈrʌn ˌɪntuː/	(in etwas) reinfahren	The machine <b>ran into</b> a wall and was damaged.
self-propelled (adj)	/ selfprə peld/	mit Selbstantrieb	The car is <b>self-propelled</b> – it hasn't got an engine.
shortlist (n)	/ˈʃɔːtˌlɪst/	engere Auswahlliste	We made a <b>shortlist</b> of our ten favourite novels.
shut (v) $\star \star \star$	/ʃʌt/	zumachen	The robot could open and <b>shut</b> its mouth.
sketch (v) $\star$	/sket[/	zeichnen	The artist quickly <b>sketched</b> a picture of the machine.
sophisticated (adj) ★★	/səˈfɪstɪ keɪtɪd/	hochentwickelt	The car is highly <b>sophisticated</b> – a work of genius.
telephone (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈtelɪ fəʊn/	Telefon	My husband travels a lot but we speak on the <b>telephone</b> most days.

television (n) ★★★	/ˈtelɪˌvɪʒ(ə)n/	Fernsehen	Young children spend too much time watching the <b>television</b> .
vehicle (n) ★★★	/ˈviːɪk(ə)l/	Fahrzeug	The car was the world's first self-propelled <b>vehicle</b> .
World Wide Web (n)	/ ws:ld ward 'web/	World Wide Web	You can find lots of information on the World Wide Web.
(-ray (n) ★	/ˈeks reɪ/	Röntgenstrahlen	We think she has broken her arm, so she is going for an <b>X-ray</b> .
ip (n) ★	/zɪp/	Reissverschluss	I couldn't close my coat because the <b>zip</b> was broken.
esson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing	a process (pages 80-81)		
pproximately (adv) ★★	/əˈprɒksɪmətli/	ungefähr	We're don't know exactly when it was written, but it was in <b>approximately</b> 600 BC.
amboo (n)	/ bæm bu:/	Bambus	The Chinese used a tray made from <b>bamboo</b> .
ark (of tree) (n) ★	/ba:(r)k/	(Baum-) Rinde	The Chinese used <b>bark</b> from the outside of trees to make paper.
omplicated (adj) ★★	/'kompli_keitid/	kompliziert	It was so complicated that I had to ask the teacher to help me.
onnected (adj) ★	/kəˈnekt/	in Verbindung stehen	He was sure that the crimes were <b>connected</b> .
otton (adj) ★★	/ˈkɒt(ə)n/	baumwollen/aus Baumwolle	Brightly coloured <b>cotton</b> clothes were made in India four and a half thousand years ago.
otton (n) **	/ˈkɒt(ə)n/	Baumwolle	Cotton was first produced in India.
etailed (adj) ★★★	/ˈdiːteɪld/	ausführlich	He gave us <b>detailed</b> instructions, so we didn't get lost.
mperor (n) ★	/'emp(ə)rə(r)/	Kaiser	In 1519 the Spanish explorer Cortés visited <b>Emperor</b> Montezuma II of Mexico.
xplorer (n)	/ɪkˈsplɔːrə(r)/	Forschungsreisende/r	In 1519 the Spanish <b>explorer</b> Cortés visited Emperor Montezuma II of Mexico.
nstruction (n) $\star \star \star$	/ɪnˈstrʌk∫(ə)n/	Anweisung	I didn't know how to use the machine, so I read the <b>instructions</b> .
nulberry (n)	/ˈmʌlb(ə)ri/	Maulbeere	They use leaves and bark from the <b>mulberry</b> tree to make paper.
ovelist (n) ★	/'npvəlɪst/	Schriftsteller/in	Jane Austen is one of the most popular English <b>novelists</b> .
aper (adj) ★★★	/'peɪpə(r)/	papieren/aus Papier	China made the first <b>paper</b> money.
lastic surgery (n)	/ plæstik ˈsɜːdʒəri/	plastische Chirurgie	She had <b>plastic surgery</b> to make her nose smaller.
rinting (n) $\star \star$	/'printin/	Druckverfahren	After <b>printing</b> was invented, it became possible to make books more cheaply.
rocess (n) ★★★	/'prəʊses/	Verfahren	The Chinese invented a <b>process</b> for making paper.
ulp (n)	/pʌlp/	Brei	The bark and leaves were mixed with water to make a <b>pulp</b> .
hape (n) $\star \star \star$	/ʃeɪp/	Form	Square, circle and triangle are all <b>shapes</b> .
heet (n) $\star \star \star$	/ʃiːt/	Blatt	When the <b>sheet</b> is dry, the paper is ready to use.
kins (n pl) ★★★	/skinz/	Häute	Thousands of years ago, Europeans wore animal <b>skins</b> to keep warm.
oft (adj) ★★★	/spft/	weich	The <b>soft</b> pulp is put on a tray to dry.
oread (v) ★★★	/spred/	streichen	He <b>spread</b> the butter on the bread with a knife.
upply (v) ★★★	/səˈplaɪ/	beliefern	India used to <b>supply</b> the world with cotton clothes.
ray (n) ★★	/trei/	Tablett	The mixture is put on a long, flat <b>tray</b> .
spiration Extra! (pages 82-83)			
andle (n) $\star\star$	/ˈkænd(ə)l/	Kerze	Gas lamps and <b>candles</b> were replaced by electric light.
lectrical (adj) ★★	/ɪˈlektrɪk(ə)l/	elektrisch	The ancient Greeks knew about <b>electrical</b> forces.
eview Units 5-6 (pages 84-85)			
rind (n)	/wɪnd/	Wind	You can't fly a kite if there's no <b>wind</b> .
NIT 7 COMMUNICATION			
esson 1 - He asked her not to go (pag	nes 88-89)		
pe (n)	/eip/	Affe	Apes are famous for learning human language.
rtificial (adj) ★★	/ a:(r)tɪˈfɪʃ(ə)l/	künstlich	Is this real or is it <b>artificial</b> ?
racelet (n)	/ˈbreɪslət/	Reifen	She always wears a <b>bracelet</b> on her wrist.
ring back (v)	/ brɪŋ ˈbæk/	zurückbringen	They went to Goa on holiday and <b>brought back</b> some souvenirs.
nimpanzee (n)	/t[Impæn'zi:/	Schimpanse	Kanzi is a <b>chimpanzee</b> – an animal quite like a human with hair all over his body.
ommand (n) $\star \star \star$	/kəˈmaːnd/	Befehl	He responds to an enormous number of spoken <b>commands</b> and questions.
orrectly (adv)	/kəˈrek(t)li/	richtig	Kanzi responded <b>correctly</b> to 74% of 660 requests and instructions.
ritic (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈkrɪtɪk/	Kritiker	<b>Critics</b> believe that it's artificial to test apes on human language.
jorilla (n)	/gəˈrɪlə/	Gorilla	Gorillas, which live in Africa, are similar to monkeys, but much larger.
uilty (adj) $\star \star \star$	/ˈɡɪlti/	schuldig	l've done nothing wrong, so I don't feel <b>guilty</b> .
nake up (= invent)	/ meik 'np/	erfinden	If you don't know the answer, <b>make one up</b> .

monkey (n) ★	/ˈmʌŋki/	Affe	Monkeys are very intelligent and can learn to communicate with humans.
natural (adj) $\star \star \star$	/ˈnætʃ(ə)rəl/	natürlich	They have their own <b>natural</b> way of communicating.
operation (n) $\star \star \star$	/ .ngpə'reɪ[(ə)n/	Operation	People go to hospital if they need an <b>operation</b> .
relationship (n) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	Beziehung	They have a close <b>relationship</b> – they're good friends.
remarkable (adj) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈmɑː(r)kəb(ə)l/	bemerkenswert	Kanzi is clearly a <b>remarkable</b> chimp – he's so intelligent.
request (n) $\star \star \star$	/rɪˈkwest/	Forderung	Kanzi responded correctly to 74% of 660 <b>requests</b> and instructions.
symbol (n) $\star\star$	/ˈsɪmb(ə)l/	Symbol	Kanzi communicates by touching simple images or <b>symbols</b> on a computer.
trainer (person) (n) $\star$	/ˈtreɪnə(r)/	Trainer/in	Think of me as your friend and personal <b>trainer</b> .
turn off the water	/ ts:n pf ðə 'wɔ:tə/	das Wasser abdrehen	Turn off the water when you have washed your hands.
Lesson 2 - He said he couldn't remember (p			
annoyed (n) ★★	/əˈnɔɪd/	(sich) ärgern	l get <b>annoyed</b> when I get spam.
$cat(n) \star \star \star$	/kæt/	Katze	In Poland, the @ symbol is usually called 'little cat' because it looks like one.
duck (n) ★★	/dʌk/	Ente	A family of <b>ducks</b> live on the river.
effect (n) ★★★	/ɪˈfekt/	Wirkung	What <b>effect</b> will the policy have on us?
either or (conj)	/ aɪðə(r) ˈɔː/	entweder oder	The solutions either filter too much or not enough.
elephant (n) ★	/ˈelɪfənt/	Elefant	Big, grey <b>elephants</b> live in Africa and India.
EMAIL attachment (n) $\star \star$	/əˈtæt∫mənt/	EMAIL Anhang	I received the email, but I couldn't open the attachment.
filter (v) ★	/ˈfɪltə(r)/	Filter	The solutions to spam are <b>filtering</b> either too much or not enough.
interviewer (n) ★	/ˈɪntə(r) vjuːə(r)/	Interviewer	The interviewer asked him some difficult questions.
ISP (Internet Service Provider) (n)	/ aɪ es ˈpiː/	ISP (Internet Service Provider)	Your <b>ISP</b> is your internet service provider.
junk (n) ★	/dʒʌŋk/	Junk (Abfall)	My attic is full of <b>junk</b> - I must clear it out.
pig (n) ★★	/pig/	Schwein	Farmers keep <b>pigs</b> for their meat.
snail (n)	/sneɪl/	Schnecke	Please hurry up, you're as slow as a <b>snail</b> .
solution (n) $\star \star \star$	/səˈluː[(ə)n/	Lösung	We have to find a <b>solution</b> to this problem.
spam (n)	/spæm/	Spam	He told the interviewer that he got annoyed when he got <b>spam</b> .
tail (n) $\star\star$	/terl/	Schwanz	My dog wags his <b>tail</b> when he's excited.
tiger (n) ★	/ˈtaɪɡə(r)/	Tiger	It wasn't a very big cat, it was a wild <b>tiger</b> !
tough (adj) ★★★	/tʌf/	schwierig	It's a <b>tough</b> problem but we're going to solve it.
trunk (animal) (n) ★	/trʌŋk/	Rüssel	An elephant uses its <b>trunk</b> to pick up food.
virus (n) ★★★	/'vaɪrəs/	Virus	My computer was damaged by a <b>virus</b> .
worm (n) ★	/wɜː(r)m/	Wurm	The birds were looking for <b>worms</b> in the wet grass.
zebra (n)	/'zebrə/	Zebra	It wasn't a black and white horse, it was a <b>zebra</b> .
Lesson 3 - They asked how he had got the i	dea (pages 92-93)		
bit (n) ★★	/bɪt/	Teil	He built his windmill from <b>bits</b> of his dad's old bicycle.
charge a mobile	/ ˈtʃɑːdʒ ə ˈməʊbaɪl/	ein Handy aufladen	Don't forget to <b>charge your mobile</b> before you go out.
cholera (n)	/ˈkɒlərə/	Cholera	Cholera is a life-threatening disease in the developing world.
co-author (v)	/ˌkəʊˈɔːθə/	Co-Autor/in	William has <b>co-authored</b> a book with another writer.
crazy (adj) ★★	/ˈkreɪzi/	verrückt	When William said he would make a windmill, people thought he was crazy.
crops (n pl) ★★	/krops/	Ernte	There wasn't any rain, so their <b>crops</b> didn't grow.
dozen (n) ★	/'dʌz(ə)n/	Dutzend	Bob has given <b>dozens</b> of TV and radio interviews.
educate (v) ★★	/'edjʊkeɪt/	weiterbilden	William didn't go to school, because his mother educated him at home.
farmer (n) ★★★	/'fa:(r)mə(r)/	Bauer	The farmers grow crops for food and keep cows for milk and meat.
fees (n pl) ★★★	/fi:z/	Gebühr	You have to pay a <b>fee</b> of £50 to go to school.
generate (v) ★★★	/ˈdʒenəreɪt/	erzeugen	He built a windmill to generate electricity for his village.
go ahead with (v)	/ˈɡəʊ əˈhed wɪð/	weitermachen	He made a small test windmill and then went ahead with a big one.
go back (v)	/ˈɡəʊ ˈbæk/	zurückgehen	She's on holiday now, but she goes back to college next week.
go down (v)	/ˈɡəʊ ˈdaʊn/	kleiner werden	Their small stock of food went down very quickly.
go on (v)	/na' ʊeg,/	abnehmen	If something <b>goes on</b> , it continues.
go up (v)	/ ɡəʊ ˈʌp/	zunehmen	If something <b>goes up</b> , it rises or increases.

home-made (adj)	/ˈhəʊm.meɪd/	selbstgemacht	It's a <b>home-made</b> windmill - he built it himself.
It's early days.	/its_3:li_deiz/	Es ist noch zu früh	It's too soon to answer that question - it's early days.
leadership (n) ★★★	/ˈliːdə(r)ʃɪp/	Führung	He said that he was a student at the African <b>Leadership</b> Academy in South Africa.
media (n)	/ˈmiːdiə/	Medien	The <b>media</b> – newspapers, television and radio – are all interested in William's story.
phenomenal (adj)	/fəˈnɒmɪn(ə)l/	enorm	The media interest has been <b>phenomenal</b> .
pump (v) ★	/p/mp/	pumpen	His family could have electric light and could <b>pump</b> water.
secondary school (n)	/ˈsekənd(ə)ri_sku:l/	höhere Schule	In the UK, children start <b>secondary school</b> at 11.
starvation (n)	/sta:(r)ˈveɪ∫(ə)n/	Hunger	Many people in Africa face <b>starvation</b> when their crops fail.
stock (n) $\star \star \star$	/stpk/	Vorrat	Their small <b>stock</b> of food got smaller and smaller.
villager (n) ★	/ˈvɪlɪdʒə(r)/	Dorfbewohner	There was no food in the village and some of the <b>villagers</b> died.
windmill (n)	/ˈwɪn(d)ˌmɪl/	Windmühle	The <b>windmill</b> generates electricity for the village.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Telling a S	tory (pages 94-95)		
attention (n) $\star \star \star$	/əˈten∫(ə)n/	Aufmerksamkeit	I waved to attract her <b>attention</b> , but she didn't see me.
attract attention	/ə trækt əˈten∫(ə)n/	Aufmerksamkeit erregen	They couldn't attract the attention of any other ships or boats.
capsize (v)	/kæp'saɪz/	kentern	Because of huge waves, their dinghy capsized.
coastguard (n)	/ˈkəʊs(t)ˌgɑː(r)d/	Küstenwache	Anyone in trouble at sea should contact the <b>coastguard</b> on 999.
container (n) ★★	/kənˈteɪnə(r)/	Behälter	Emily kept her mobile phone in a <b>container</b> so that it wouldn't get wet.
description (n) $\star \star \star$	/dɪˈskrɪpʃ(ə)n/	Beschreibung	Did you see the robbers? Can you give me a <b>description</b> of them?
dinghy (n)	/ˈdɪŋi, ˈdɪŋɡi/	Beiboot	Because of huge waves, their <b>dinghy</b> capsized.
direct (adv) ★	/dɪˈrekt, daɪˈrekt/	direkt	Anyone in trouble at sea should contact the coastguard <b>direct</b> on 999.
hold on (v)	/ həʊld ˈɒn/	festhalten	They fell into the water and had to <b>hold on</b> to the boat until help came.
in trouble	/ in 'trʌb(ə)l/	in Schwierigkeiten	Anyone in trouble at sea should contact the coastguard.
injure (v) ★★	/ˈɪndʒə(r)/	verletzen	There was a car accident, but thankfully nobody was <b>injured</b> .
invitation (n) $\star\star$	/ inviˈtei[(ə)n/	Einladung	What's your address? I'll send you an <b>invitation</b> to my party.
journalist (n) ★★	/ˈdʒɜː(r)nəlɪst/	Journalist/in	She works as a <b>journalist</b> for a local newspaper.
right (v)	/rait/	aufrichten	They tried to <b>right</b> the boat but it stayed on its side.
watertight (adj)	/'wɔːtə(r)_taɪt/	wasserfest	She kept her mobile phone in a <b>watertight</b> container so that it wouldn't get wet.
Culture (pages 98-99)			
communication (n) $\star \star \star$	/kəˌmjuːnɪˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	Kommunikation	Email is my favourite means of <b>communication</b> at work.
global (adj) ★★★	/ˈɡləʊb(ə)l/	weltweit	English is a <b>global</b> language – it's spoken all over the world.
UNIT 8 NATURAL WORLD			
Lesson 1 - They should have thought	. (pages 100-101)		
aspect (n) $\star \star \star$	/'æspekt/	Seite	Dams have two positive <b>aspects</b> - they store water and they generate electricity.
citizen (n) ★★★	/ˈsɪtɪz(ə)n/	Bürger/in	The average US <b>citizen</b> uses 500 litres of water a day.
concerned (adj) ★★★	/kənˈsɜː(r)nd/	besorgt sein	I'm <b>concerned</b> about the future of our planet.
consequence (n) $\star \star \star$	/'konsikwəns/	Folge	They didn't think about the <b>consequences</b> of building such a big dam.
consider (v) ★★★	/kənˈsɪdə(r)/	in Betracht ziehen	They should have <b>considered</b> the consequences of building such a big dam.
dam (n)	/dæm/	Talsperre	They built large <b>dams</b> for storing water in the 1990s.
displace (v)	/dɪsˈpleɪs/	vertreiben	Thousands of people have been <b>displaced</b> and forced to live somewhere else.
environmental (adj) ★★★	/in vairən ment(ə)l/	ökologisch	She's an <b>environmental</b> campaigner who wants to save the world's water.
essential (adj) ★★★	/ɪˈsenʃ(ə)l/	entscheidend	Water is essential to life - we can't live without it.
flood (v) ★★	/flʌd/	überfluten	In order to build a dam, large areas of land have to be <b>flooded</b> with water.
fresh water (n)	/ˈfre∫ ˌwɔːtə/	Süßwasser	A lot of <b>fresh water</b> is frozen in the polar ice caps.
frozen (adj) ★	/ˈfrəʊz(ə)n/	gefroren	Most fresh water is <b>frozen</b> in the polar ice caps.
government (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈɡʌvə(r)nmənt/	Regierung	What is our <b>government</b> doing to solve the water shortage problem?
hosepipe (n)	/ˈhəʊz.paɪp/	Gartenschlauch	To save water, you shouldn't use a <b>hosepipe</b> in your garden.
hygiene (n) ★	/ˈhaɪdʒiːn/	Sauberkeit	Personal hygiene involves keeping yourself clean.
ice (n) $\star \star \star$	/ais/	Eis	I put <b>ice</b> in my drink to keep it cold.
minimum (adj) ★★	/ˈmɪnɪməm/	mindest	What is the recommended <b>minimum</b> amount of water per person per day?

polar ice cap (n)	/ pəʊlər ˈaɪs kæp/	Polareiskappe	Most fresh water is frozen in the <b>polar ice caps</b> .
positive (adj) $\star \star \star$	/'ppzətiv/	positiv	Storing water and generating electricity are two <b>positive</b> things about dams.
rainwater (n)	/ˈreɪn_wɔːtə(r)/	Regenwasser	When it rains, you should collect the <b>rainwater</b> in a container.
recommended (adj)	/ rekə'mendid/	empfohlen	What is the <b>recommended</b> minimum amount of water per person per day?
salt water (n)	/ˈsɔːlt_wɔːtə/	Meereswasser	97.5% of the water on Earth is <b>salt water</b> , which humans can't drink.
shortage (n) ★★	/ˈ[ɔ:(r)tɪdʒ/	Knappheit	You can't use a hosepipe because there's a <b>shortage</b> of water.
species (n pl) ★★★	/ˈspiːʃiːz/	Arten	There are more than 20 different <b>species</b> of bird in the park.
store (v) **	/sto:(r)/	lagern	You can <b>store</b> large amounts of water in dams.
tap (n) $\star\star$	/tæp/	Hahn	A <b>tap</b> is something you turn on to get water.
underway (adj)	/ \ndə(r) wei/	im Gange	I'm worried that more dam building projects are <b>underway</b> now.
use (n) $\star \star \star$	/iu:s/	Nutzen	How much of the world's fresh water is available for <b>use</b> ?
water (v) ★	/ˈwɔːtə(r)/	bewässern	We use the rainwater we collect in containers to <b>water</b> the garden.
watering can (n)	/ˈwɔːt(ə)rɪŋ kæn/	Gießkanne	We use watering can to water the garden.
wipe out (v)	/ waip 'aut/	aussterben	Many types of animals have been <b>wiped out</b> completely – there are none left.
Lesson 2 - What would you do? (pages			
aspirin (n) ★	/ˈæsprɪn/	Aspirin	l've got a headache. I think I'll take an <b>aspirin</b> .
back away (v)	/ bæk əˈweɪ/	(sich) langsam zurückbewegen	If you see a bear you should <b>back away</b> slowly.
bank (of river) (n) $\star \star \star$	/bæŋk/	(Fluss-) Ufer	If you fall into a river, you should swim quickly to the nearest <b>bank</b> .
barefoot (adv)	/ˈbeə(r) fʊt/	barfuß	At the beach, I like to take off my shoes and walk <b>barefoot</b> in the sand.
berry (n) ★	/'beri/	Beere	It might be dangerous to eat small <b>berries</b> from trees.
$cold(n) \star \star$	/kəʊld/	Erkältung	I think I'm getting a <b>cold</b> . I don't feel well.
compass (n) ★	/ˈkʌmpəs/	Kompass	A <b>compass</b> is a piece of equipment that shows which direction you are facing.
cough (n) $\star$	/kpf/	Husten	'i've got a <b>cough</b> and a sore throat.'
count sheep	/ kaʊnt ˈ∫iːp/	Schäfchen zählen	If you can't get to sleep at night, you should <b>count sheep</b> .
crouch (v) $\star$	/kraut[/	zusammenkauern	He <b>crouched</b> behind the wall but we could still see him.
dentist (n) ★	/'dentist/	Zahnarzt	If I have toothache I go to see a <b>dentist</b> .
desert (n) ★★	/ˈdezə(r)t/	Wüste	Deserts are areas of hot, dry land.
downstream (adv)	/_davn'stri:m/	flussabwärts	It's much easier and you move much faster if you swim <b>downstream</b> .
first aid kit (n)	/ f3:st 'eɪd kɪt/	Erste-Hilfe-Kasten	A <b>first aid kit</b> is a bag containing things to help someone who is ill or hurt.
forest (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈfprɪst/	Wald	The <b>forest</b> had so many trees that it was dark even in the day.
hiccoughs (n)	/ˈhɪkʌps/	Schluckauf	"I've got <b>hiccoughs</b> .' 'If I were you, I'd take a deep breath and count to 100.'
honey (n) ★	/ˈhʌni/	Honig	If you have a cold, you should drink hot lemon and honey.
insect spray (n)	/'insekt_sprei/	Insektenspray	Take some <b>insect spray</b> . There are lots of mosquitoes at this time of year.
lemon (n) $\star\star$	/ˈlemən/	Zitrone	If you have a sore throat, try drinking hot <b>lemon</b> juice.
lightning (n) ★	/ˈlaɪtnɪŋ/	Blitz	What would you do if you were outside in a thunderstorm and <b>lightning</b> was near?
magnifying glass (n)	/ˈmæɡnɪfaɪɪŋ ˌglɑːs/	Lupe	A magnifying glass is a thing you look through to make small objects look bigger.
match (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈmætʃəz/	Streichholz	If we took a box of <b>matches</b> , we could light a fire.
needle and thread	/ ni:d(ə)l ən 'θred/	Nadel und Faden	A needle and thread is useful for mending clothes.
oasis (n)	/əʊˈeɪsɪs/	Oase	An <b>oasis</b> is a place in a desert where there is water.
penknife (n)	/'pen_naɪf/	Taschenmesser	A <b>penknife</b> is a small knife you carry in your pocket.
safety pin (n)	/ˈseɪfti pɪn/	Sicherheitsnadel	A <b>safety pin</b> is used for holding pieces of material together.
shelter (n) $\star\star$	/'[eltə(r)/	Schutz	If there was a storm and I were near a big tree, I'd stand under it for <b>shelter</b> .
slippery (adj)	/ˈslɪpəri/	rutschig	The rocks were <b>slippery</b> and difficult to walk on because they were wet.
snake (n) ★	/sneik/	Schlange	Snakes are common in the tropical rainforests in the north.
sore throat (n)	/ sɔː ˈθrəʊt/	Halsschmerzen	'i've got a cough and a <b>sore throat</b> .'
sun cream (n)	/'sʌn _kriːm/	Sonnencreme	Sun cream protects your skin from the sun.
survive (v) $\star \star \star$	/sə(r)'vaɪv/	überleben	People need food and water to survive.
thunderstorm (n)	/ˈθʌndə(r).stɔ:(r)m/	Gewitter	What would you do if you were outside in a <b>thunderstorm</b> and lightning was near?
tight (adv) ★	/tart/	fest	I wouldn't jump. I'd stay in the boat and hold on <b>tight</b> .

toothache (n)	/ˈtuːθeɪk/	Zahnschmerzen	If I have <b>toothache</b> I go to see a dentist.
upstream (adv)	/ʌpˈstriːm/	flussaufwärts	It's much more difficult and you move more slowly if you swim <b>upstream</b> .
waist (n) $\star\star$	/weist/	Taille	He has a small <b>waist</b> so he needs to wear a belt on his trousers.
waterfall (n) $\star$	/ˈwɔːtə(r),fɔːl/	Wasserfall	What would you do if you were in a boat on the edge of a <b>waterfall</b> ?
whistle (n) $\star$	/'wis(ə)l/	Trillerpfeife	If you blow a <b>whistle</b> , it makes a loud, high noise. /
whistle (v) $\star$	/'wis(ə)//	pfeifen	If you are lost, you can <b>whistle</b> to attract attention.
Lesson 3 - You'd like to stay there, would		pronon	
igloo (n)	/'iglu:/	Iglu	An <b>igloo</b> is a house made of snow.
pavilion (n)	/pəˈvɪliən/	Halle	The exhibition <b>pavilion</b> was a very large building in Shanghai.
skyscraper (n)	/'skai.skreipə(r)/	Wolkenkratzer	The <b>skyscraper</b> is the tallest building in Dubai.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing a			
Aboriginal (adj)	/ æbəˈrɪdʒ(ə)n(ə)l/	eingeboren/ursprünglich	There are now only about 250,000 <b>Aboriginal</b> Australians,
Aborigine (n)	/ æbəˈrɪdʒəni/	Aborigine	The <b>Aborigines</b> have lived in Australia for about 50,000 years.
agriculture (n) $\star \star$	/ˈæɡrɪ kʌlt ʃə(r)/	Landwirtschaft	Agriculture involves growing crops and raising animals,
announcement (n) $\star \star \star$	/əˈnaʊnsmənt/	Durchsage	All the <b>announcements</b> in the railway station were in English.
brochure (n) *	/ˈbrəʊʃə(r)/	Prospekt	The holiday <b>brochure</b> had beautiful photos of Australia.
brown bear (n)	/ braun 'beə/	Braunbär	Brown bears and grizzly bears live in the Rocky Mountains,
caribou (n)	/ˈkærəbuː/	Karibu	Well-known Canadian animals include the moose and <b>caribou</b> .
central (adj) <b>* * *</b>	/ˈsentrəl/	zentral	The typical climate of <b>central</b> Canada is short hot summers and long cold winters.
coastal (adj) **	/ˈkəʊst(ə)l/	hier: Küsten-	On the eastern <b>coastal</b> areas of Australia the beaches are beautiful.
considerably (adv) $\star \star$	/kənˈsɪd(ə)rəbli/	beträchtlich	The temperature drops <b>considerably</b> at night and it can get very cold.
continental (adj) $\star \star$	/ konti nent(ə)l/	hier: Kontinental-	In a <b>continental</b> climate has very hot summers and very cold winters.
coral reef (n)	/ˈkɒrəl_riːf/	Korallenriff	The Great Barrier Reef is a <b>coral reef</b> over 2000 km long.
currency (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈkʌrənsi/	Währung	The <b>currency</b> is the Australian dollar.
cyclone (n)	/ˈsaɪ kləʊn/	Wirbelsturm	There are often severe storms called <b>cyclones</b> on the north-east and north-west coasts.
dollar (\$) (n) $\star\star$	/'dplə(r)/	Dollar	The currency is the Australian <b>dollar</b> .
drought (n)	/draut/	Dürre	<b>Droughts</b> are common – more than 33% of the country has less than 26mm of rain a year.
effort (n) $\star \star \star$	/'efə(r)t/	Bemühung	The government is making major <b>efforts</b> to preserve the Aboriginal culture.
elk (n)	/elk/	Elch	The Rocky Mountains are home to large deer called <b>elks.</b>
emu (n)	/'i:mju:/	Emu	The <b>emu</b> is a well-known Australian bird that has long legs and cannot fly.
falls (n)	/fɔ:lz/	Wasserfall	Niagara Falls are the largest <b>falls</b> in the world.
grassland (n)	/'gra:s.lænd/	Grasland	On the eastern coastal plains of Australia there are areas of <b>grasslands</b> .
grizzly bear (n)	/ grizli 'beə(r)/	Grizzlybär	Brown bears and grizzly bears live in the Rocky Mountains.
hurricane (n)	/ˈhʌrɪkən, ˈhʌrɪkeɪn/	Hurrikan	Hurricanes are severe storms with very high winds.
industry (n) $\star \star \star$	/ˈɪndəstri/	Branche	Tourism is an important <b>industry</b> in Australia.
interior (n) $\star \star$	/inˈtɪəriə(r)/	Binnenland	The <b>interior</b> of the country has a continental climate because it's a long way from the sea.
kangaroo (n)	/ kæŋgəˈruː/	Känguru	Well-known Australian animals include the <b>kangaroo</b> and the koala.
koala (n)	/kəʊˈɑːlə/	Koala Bär	Well-known Australian animals include the kangaroo and the <b>koala</b> .
kookaburra (n)	/ˈkʊkəˌbʌrə/	Kookaburra	The <b>kookaburra</b> is a well-known Australian bird.
minus (temperature) (adj) **	/ˈmaɪnəs/	minus	Temperatures are as low as <b>minus</b> 15°C in winter.
monsoon (n)	/mpn'su:n/	Monsun	There are often heavy rains called <b>monsoons</b> in the tropical north.
moose (n)	/muːs/	Elch	Well-known Canadian animals include the <b>moose</b> and caribou.
musical (adj) ★★	/ˈmjuːzɪk(ə)l/	musikalisch	They're a very <b>musical</b> family – they all sing and play the piano.
native (adj) **	/'neitiv/	leinheimisch	Native Canadians have lived in Canada for at least 10,000 years.
notice (n) $\star \star \star$	/'nəʊtɪs/	Aushang	All the <b>notices</b> in the railway station were written in English.
official (adj) $\star \star \star$	/əˈfɪ[(ə)l/	offiziell	The <b>official</b> language in Australia is English.
outback (n)	/'aut,bæk/	Busch	Australia is famous for its <b>outback</b> – the hot dry land in the centre.
plain (n) $\star \star$	/plein/	Ebene	A plain is a large, flat area of land.
platypus (n)	/'plætīpəs/	Schnabeltier	Well-known Australian animals include the kangaroo, koala and <b>platypus</b> .

polar bear (n)	/ˈpəʊlə ˌbeə/	Polarbär	Well-known Canadian animals include the <b>polar bear</b> , moose and caribou.
prairie (n)	/'preəri/	Prärie	West-central Canada is mostly <b>prairie</b> grassland.
preserve (v) ★★★	/prɪˈzɜː(r)v/	bewahren	The government is making major efforts to <b>preserve</b> the Aboriginal culture.
rainforest (n) ★	/'reɪnˌfɒrɪst/	Regenwald	The tropical <b>rainforests</b> in the north have a huge variety of birds.
semi-desert (n)	/ semiˈdezət/	Halbwüste	About two-thirds of Australia is rocky desert or semi-desert.
snow (n) ★★★	/snəʊ/	Schnee	Snow is frozen water that falls from the sky.
spider (n) ★	/ˈspaɪdə(r)/	Spinne	Spiders are insects with eight legs.
structure (n) ★★★	/ˈstrʌktʃə(r)/	Struktur	The Great Barrier Reef is the largest living <b>structure</b> in the world.
sunshine (n) ★★	/ˈsʌn,∫aɪn/	Sonnenschein	It was a beautiful, warm day with lots of <b>sunshine</b> .
tropical (adj) ★★	/ˈtrɒpɪk(ə)l/	tropisch	The <b>tropical</b> rainforests in the north have a huge variety of birds.
tundra (n)	/ˈtʌndrə/	Tundra	There is a lot of frozen land called <b>tundra</b> in the north of Canada.
variety (n) ★★★	/vəˈraɪəti/	Vielzahl	The tropical rainforests in the north have a huge variety of birds.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 108-109)			
jungle (n) ★	/ˈdʒʌŋg(ə)l/	Dschungel	A <b>jungle</b> is a large tropical area of trees and plants.
make a mistake	/ meik a mi steik/	einen Fehler machen	I made a mistake and forgot to do my homework.
runner (n) ★★	/ˈrʌnə(r)/	Läufer	Usain Bolt is a famous <b>runner</b> who won 3 gold medals in Beijing.
wildlife (n) ★★	/'waɪldˌlaɪf/	Tierwelt	There is a lot of wildlife in this forest, including many species of birds.